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WINTER & SPRING CATALOGUE, 1938

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Agriculture.



New Marigold Chrysanthemum Flowered Hybrids

RUMSEYS SEEDS PTY. LTD.

219 CHURCH ST. (near Lennox Bridge)

P.O. Box 74.

PARRAMATTA, N.S.W.

'Phone : UW 8631.

Giant SNAPDRAGONS



*Fordhook
Rose*



*Canary
Bird*



Orchid



Ruby



Sunnybrook

Wallflower



1788 - 1938

The Seed Industry

This year we are celebrating the 150th anniversary of settlement in Australia. The remarkable progress made in such a comparatively short time is largely due to the rapid advance in horticulture during the last 60 years. The early settlers brought with them seeds of plants of the best European varieties at that time, but due to length of voyage out, unsuitability of varieties to our local conditions, and lack of knowledge of cultural practices to suit our climate, early efforts at crop production resulted in many failures.

The position did not greatly improve until about the middle of the last century when enterprising nurserymen and seedsmen started importing new varieties from different parts of the world, selecting the ones most suitable to our conditions for cultivation and distribution.

While it has been found that quite a few plants will set and produce commercial quantities of high quality seeds in our climate, it is still necessary to import seeds of many strains and varieties which produce better quality seeds under different climatic conditions.

During recent years, the Department of Agriculture has taken more interest in vegetable growing, and by co-operation with seedsmen have caused more rapid progress in this branch of horticulture.

Since 1895, when our chairman of directors, Herbert J. Rumsey first commenced importing and trying out various strains of fruits, flowers and vegetables, this firm has contributed its share towards horticultural progress. Through our trials, overseas travel and experience, and close contact with plant breeders throughout the world, we can offer to seed buyers, the very best strains the world has to offer.

It has always been our policy to make available to those who are engaged in horticulture, any information or knowledge which we have available. In furtherance of this policy, we have, in this catalogue, given a brief report on novelties and trial ground results in place of our usual list of novelties.

This catalogue is intended to cover lines for Winter, Spring and early Summer planting. Autumn catalogue will cover December to April sowings.

The season from December, 1937, to the present, has been a rather disastrous one for us all on account of dry weather and intensive sunshine. We trust that our customers will have more encouraging conditions during Winter and Spring.

RUMSEY'S SEEDS PTY. LTD.

Directors: Herbert J. Rumsey, Eric C. Rumsey, Roy H. Rumsey.

REMEMBER . . . RUMSEY'S FOR RESULTS!

Novelty and Trial Report

VEGETABLES.

BEANS — The outstanding variety in our Spring bean trials was **Hawkesbury Wonder**, a variety produced by the Plant Breeder at H.A. College. This bean is early, disease resisting, a heavy cropper, and produces pods of good commercial length. We do not expect to have sufficient stock to offer for 1938 sowing season. **Burnley Selection Canadian**, showed marked resistance to Halo Blight, but was very susceptible to Pod Spot, so we cannot recommend it. **Brown Beauty** and **Tweed Wonder** are early heavy croppers and are recommended.

CABBAGE — For Spring crops, where plenty of water is available, the Enkhuisen Glory types are still most popular. Copenhagen Market is just a little small under average conditions. **Midseason Market**—A round headed variety, similar in shape and size to Enkhuisen Glory and Burrawang, but earlier and better cutting, did exceptionally well in trials last spring.

CARROT — **Red Cored Chantenay** still holds pride of place as best market carrot. Early Nantes and Danvers Red Cored are also first quality carrots. Several new varieties of promise are still under observation, including Emperor, Supreme Half Long and Claudia.

CELERY — **Supreme Golden**—Shows excellent quality, flavour and appearance, but the South Australian Export White, on account of its size and hardness, is very popular in spite of its lack of quality.

CUCUMBER — A welcome acquisition to our list of Cucumbers, is **Black Diamond**—skin rich dark green, which is retained long after picking. Nearly a week earlier than Early Fortune.

LETTUCE — Imperial "F" (Summer) and Imperial "D" (Winter) on account of mildew resistance, are still our safest lettuce. Imperial 615 is a larger and more showy lettuce, stands cold weather well, but is not disease resisting. Imperial 847 did exceptionally well in late spring and early summer trials, and our opinion is that growers will probably find it a welcome acquisition and worth trying as a summer lettuce.

ONION — "**Odourless**" has been selected for greater weight and better keeping. We now offer The Globe Shaped Vivid Leaf strain.

POTATO — **Katahdin**—during last season, did not compare very favourably with Factor in our trials. We suggest coastal growers continue to use our selected strain of Factor until something better is available.

ROCKMELON — Extensive trials indicate that for early market, Hales Best and Hales Best No. 36, best meet requirements.

WATERMELON — Hawkesbury Wilt Resisting (Wilt Resisting Thurmond Grey) can still be recommended as the best grey skinned market melon. We have had a few reports from growers who have not found it to compare satisfactorily with Sugarstick; the many favourable reports confirm our own results. Of the green skinned melons, Angelino Black Seeded and Market Wonder are most outstanding.

TOMATO — **Potentate**—an English variety outstanding for size and yield in the early cluster types. In our opinion, it may eventually displace Walkers' Selected Recruit for Autumn and early Spring crops on account of its better size and quality. **Antibes**—a continental variety outstanding in that it shows pronounced resistance to bronze wilt. It is inclined to be a bit rough in the fruit at times, but is certainly worth general trial for early crops, particularly in small gardens. **San Marzano** is a large egg shaped tomato of the King Humbert type, introduced for canning and sauce making. Its principal value is high colour when cooked and heavy yield. Superior to King Humbert in size, but not quite so hardy as regards disease. **Rutgers** has produced very heavy crops in Queensland and in our trials at Dundas and Kenthurst, but at H.A. College, yield was very poor. This variety is outstanding for quality and flavour.

As there is no seed certification scheme in Australia for vegetable seeds, we have this year imported several leading varieties of tomato seeds certified by State Governments in U.S.A. Growers will find the small extra cost well worth while.

FLOWERS

Results of last Autumn and Winter trials were incorporated in 1938 Autumn Price List, so we give here results of some of our Summer trials.

ASTER — **Crego Wilt Resisting Enchantress**—received from California for trial last season. This variety has proved to be an entirely new shade of salmon rose. Flowers are large and carried on long stems—very suitable for cut flower work.

CELOSIA — **Flame of Fire** has lived up to expectation and last season was very popular. Together with the two Lilliput varieties, **Golden Feather** and **Fire Feather**, we have three outstanding summer bedding annuals.

GODETIA — **Double Sybil Sherwood**. Only received from England this year, we have not as yet had an opportunity to try it out under local conditions, but we are assured that it is the same shade of salmon pink as the single Sybil Sherwood so popular during the last two or three years. We suggest it will be well worth a trial.

MARIGOLDS — Marigolds have been receiving quite a lot of attention from the American plant breeders the last two or three years and the number of new varieties coming forward for trial cover quite a range of colour and flower types. Of Burpee origin, we have the odourless foliage types, such as **Crown of Gold** and **Burpee Gold**. The former was extensively tried out last season and reports so far to hand indicate that the cut flower growers do not favour it because it takes too many flowers to make a bunch and park gardeners say it is rather poor for massed bedding. Those who have used it for table decoration, however, arranging 18 to 24 blooms in a large cut glass vase, are full of praise for the beauty of this unique flower. The absence of odour in the foliage makes the use of this and Burpee Gold possible for table decorations. **Burpee Gold** did not reach us in time for proper trial last season, but being odourless of foliage, more vigorous in growth and larger in size of bloom than **Crown of Gold**, we feel confident it will meet with general appeal both as a cut flower and for bedding.

Of the dozens of other varieties tried out, all having foliage odour, **Chrysanthemum Flowered Hybrids** and **Sunset Giants** are the most outstanding. The former, illustrated in colour on front cover of this catalogue, are like lovely incurved chrysanthemums in shades of orange, gold and yellow. The **Sunset Giants** also cover a range of shades and types, all excellent for and readily saleable as cut flowers. Other varieties tried were good but not any better than **Yellow Supreme** and **Guinea Gold**, which we now usually consider as standard varieties along with **Orange** and **Lemon Ball**.

IMPORTANT — PLEASE READ

PRICES

Prices given in this catalogue are those current when catalogue is made up for printing and we reserve the right to alter any of them without notice at any time that conditions should warrant such action.

SUPPLY

We cannot guarantee to supply all varieties and quantities as listed. Sometimes a variety will be sold out early in the season due to unusual demand or shortage of crop and occasionally we have to withdraw certain stocks from sale due to sudden falling off of viability.

QUOTATIONS

Written or verbal quotations are for immediate acceptance and subject to stock remaining unsold when order is received.

DESCRIPTIONS

Descriptions given in this catalogue are of the type plants from which seed crops have been grown and are intended to serve as a guide only to buyers. Under certain conditions of soil and climate considerable variation may occur with certain strains, particularly in respect to size, maturity and productiveness.

Where we have found any tendency to variation under any definite set of conditions or areas we have indicated it.

"Rumseys' Honest Seeds" are tested for germination and vitality under soil conditions and trial grounds are maintained for testing new strains and trueness to type of existing varieties.

The use of modern equipment is a further protection for users of "Rumseys' Honest Seeds." We can test quickly and effectively all seed as it comes into stock, and at various times throughout the year.

Although at time of sale our seeds comply fully with the provisions of the Agricultural Seeds Act, 1921 (N.S.W.), there are certain things beyond our control which may affect growth. Therefore, for our protection, all goods are sold subject to the following conditions:

CONDITIONS OF SALE

We believe that all Seeds, Bulbs, and Roots sold by us are of the description and kind specified by us at the time of sale, but owing to the practical impossibility in many cases of being certain of this, we give no understanding that such Seeds, Bulbs, or Roots will correspond with the description under which they are sold, and we make all sales subject to this condition. We further give no warranty, express or implied, as to their growth, description, quality, or productiveness, and will not be in any way responsible for the crop. If the purchaser does not accept the goods sold to him on these terms they are at once to be returned to us.

Seeds By Mail & Rail

TERMS OF BUSINESS

The terms on which our prices are based are cash with order. For the convenience of customers we also use the Post Office and Railway "Cash on delivery" systems, which is a little more costly than postal notes, but includes registration. For full particulars see Page 7. Plants are not sent "Cash on delivery" by post. For cash we accept Commonwealth Bank notes in registered letters, Australian postal notes and money orders. For larger amounts, cheques or bank drafts should be used. Money orders and Postal notes should be made payable at Parramatta. Please add 6d. to country, Melbourne and Brisbane cheques, and 1/- to other interstate cheques for collection charges made by the banks.

POSTAGE AND FREIGHT

We pay postage or freight on vegetable and flower seeds except where stated and will always despatch the cheapest way. If customers require goods despatched in other than cheapest way sufficient should be remitted to cover extra charges.

Peas, beans, farm and grass seeds, sprays, dusts, plants and sundries are all carriage extra.

SUBSTITUTING

Sometimes owing to crop failures or shortage of stock we sell out of some varieties early in the season. In such cases we substitute the nearest variety, and send to save disappointment, but in no case do we expect you to keep the substituted article if you do not wish to do so. If you put "do not substitute" we omit the variety, and return the balance. If you return the substituted seed we give you credit for the amount.

REGISTRATION

The safety of parcels can be assured by the payment of a small registration fee of three pence for amounts up to £2, four pence to £5, six pence to £10, which should be added to amount of remittance, and especially noted on order.

PROMPTNESS

As our first principle is promptness, it is advisable to inform us if your order does not come to hand or is not acknowledged within a reasonable time.

VISITORS

We are always pleased for visitors to call during business hours (9 a.m. to 5.30 p.m. week-days, 9 a.m. to 12.30 p.m. Saturdays) to discuss their gardening problems. Easter is a popular time with country people visiting Sydney

REMITTANCE BALANCES

In cases where remittance falls short of amount of order and customer has not established a credit account with us it is our practice to omit portion of order to the extent of deficiency. Where amount remitted is in excess of cost of order such as in allowance for transport costs or reduction of prices it is our practice to send extra seeds for balances less than 1/6 and Credit for later orders amounts in excess of this. If so instructed we will refund balance.

Garden Handbooks

WRITTEN BY HERBERT J. RUMSEY

The popularity of these helps to the gardener is daily increasing; many letters are received testifying to the assistance given by the books.

THE NEW A.B.C. OF VEGETABLE GROWING

FREELY ILLUSTRATED PRICE: TWO SHILLINGS
Posted 2/1. 42nd Thousand. Entirely re-written.

This book has been the vegetable growers' dictionary and school teachers' text book for a quarter of a century. It has been kept in type and revised for each new edition and several times re-written. Men who learned their gardening from it have bought a copy for their sons and daughters.

THE AUSTRALIAN BOOK OF BERRIES

(3rd Edition)

The standard work on all small fruit culture, including:
STRAWBERRY, LOGANBERRY, RASPBERRY, GOOSEBERRY, CURRANT, &c.
Third Edition, entirely revised and brought up to date. Price: ONE SHILLING.
Posted 1/1.

THE "A to Z" OF AUSTRALIAN FRUIT GROWING

Over 200 Pages. Many Full Page Illustrations.

The aim of the author has been to make this book as helpful to the fruitgrowers as the vegetable book has been to the gardener. It deals with the culture of every variety of fruit suited to Australian conditions from "A to Z," including not only cultivation, but packing, drying, preserving, and bottling. The schedule of insect pests will be found very helpful. New Edition, 2/-; Post Paid 2/1. We still have a few copies left of the old edition at 1/3 each, post paid.

THE GARDEN FAIR IN AUSTRALIA

At present out of print. New edition being entirely rewritten and brought up to date.

THE AUSTRALIAN TOMATO BOOK

The most complete work published in Australia on this most important crop, it will be found helpful to both amateur and professional and even as a cookery book will be worth its small cost. Second edition revised and enlarged, with chapter on tomato growing under glass. 2/-, posted 2/1.

THE AUSTRALIAN NUT, AND NUT GROWING IN AUSTRALIA

This book opens up a new subject altogether, and treats at length on matters that have been too long overlooked. PRICE: 2/-, posted 2/1.

We will send any of the books at the prices named or when two or more are ordered at the same time they will be sent at the published prices without the extra charge for postage.

SHIPPING INSTRUCTIONS

Vegetable and flower seeds are carriage paid at prices quoted, unless mentioned otherwise. Trees, plants, farm seeds and sundries are carriage extra, and extra money must be remitted with order to cover freight or postage.
Rates are as follows: (Allow 1-lb. extra to cover cost of packing when assessing charges).

PARCELS POST

- Scale 1 applies to parcels addressed to: Places within a 30-mile radius of Parramatta.
- Scale 2 applies to parcels addressed to: (a) Places in New South Wales, outside the 30-mile radius of Parramatta. (b) The Federal Capital Territory. (c) Lord Howe Island and Norfolk Island.

WEIGHT PACKED				R A T E S—Scale			
				1	2	3	4
Not	exceeding	1 lb.		s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
"	"	2 lb.		0 6	0 9	1 0	1 3
"	"	3 lb.		0 9	1 0	1 6	2 0
"	"	5 lb.		1 0	1 3	2 0	2 9
"	"	8 lb.		1 3	1 6	2 6	3 6
"	"	11 lb.		1 6	2 0	3 6	5 0
"	"	11 lb.		1 9	2 9	5 0	7 3

- Scale 3 applies to parcels addressed to: Victoria, Queensland, Tasmania, New Zealand and Fiji.
- Scale 4 applies to parcels addressed to: South Australia, Western Australia, North Australia, Central Australia, Papua, and the Territory of New Guinea.

RAIL (Passenger Train Parcels)

For all parcels over 1-lb. sent to rail towns in N.S.W. this method is much cheaper. For seeds, plants, and small lots of trees it is most efficient. Customers convenient to railway stations are asked to mention nearest station when ordering. Strawberry plants and Privet hedge seedlings are charged half rates by passenger train.

WEIGHT PACKED NOT EXCEEDING																				Each 28 lb. after.
Miles.	1 lb.	2 lb.	3 lb.	4 lb.	5 lb.	6 lb.	7 lb.	8 lb.	9 lb.	10 lb.	11 lb.	12 lb.	13 lb.	14 lb.	28 lb.	42 lb.	56 lb.	84 lb.	112 lb.	
25	d.	d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
50	5	5	5	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6 1 0	1 3	1 8	2 2	2 6	3
75	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	8 1 3	1 9	2 4	3 1	4 0	1 1
100	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	8 1 3	2 4	3 0	4 3	5 4	1 3
125	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	8 1 3	2 4	3 0	4 3	5 4	1 3
150	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	8 1 3	2 4	3 0	4 3	5 4	1 3
175	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	8 1 3	2 4	3 0	4 3	5 4	1 3
200	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	8 1 3	2 4	3 0	4 3	5 4	1 3
250	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	8 1 3	2 4	3 0	4 3	5 4	1 3
300	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	8 1 3	2 4	3 0	4 3	5 4	1 3
350	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	8 1 3	2 4	3 0	4 3	5 4	1 3
400	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	8 1 3	2 4	3 0	4 3	5 4	1 3
500	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	8 1 3	2 4	3 0	4 3	5 4	1 3
600	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	8 1 3	2 4	3 0	4 3	5 4	1 3
700	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	8 1 3	2 4	3 0	4 3	5 4	1 3

RAIL (Goods Train)

This is most suitable for bulk seeds, potatoes, fertilisers, etc. Rates are the same whether prepaid or paid on delivery. Of course, where sidings are unattended prepayment is necessary and freight must be remitted with order.

C.O.D. (Cash on Delivery) SYSTEMS
WE CANNOT SEND PLANTS C.O.D.

Postal parcels over 1-lb. may be sent and paid for at your post office. For this service the postal department charges for collection 9d. up to 10/-, 1/- up to £1, 1/3 up to 30/-, 1/6 up to £2, and 3d. for each additional £1 or part thereof. Expensive for orders under 10/-.

Passenger Train Parcels—May be sent C.O.D. to any attended platform in N.S.W. Charges are 4d. per £, with a minimum of 6d., plus ordinary passenger train freight

Sowing Calendar for Winter, Spring & Summer

For County of Cumberland and similar climates. Gardeners in Mountain, Inland, Semi-Tropical and Tropical climates must make allowance for variation of their climatic conditions.

MAY

VEGETABLES :

Broad bean, beet, spinach beet, carrot, lettuce, leek, onion, parsley, herbs, pea, endive, kohlrabi, early cabbage, mustard, early tomatoes under cover.

Plant eschallots, garlic, herbs, cabbage, rhubarb, leek, lettuce, onion and spinach beet.

FLOWERS:

Sow seeds of Ageratum, Alyssum, Antirrhinum, Bellis perennis, Calendula, Coreopsis, Candytuft, Carnation, Clarkia, Delphinium, Dianthus, Gaillardia, Godetia, Gypsophila, Larkspur (main sowing), Linaria, Mignonette, Shirley Poppy, Saponaria, Scabious, Statice, Sweet Pea.

Plant:—Fruit Trees, Roses, Ornamental Trees and Shrubs, Strawberry, Carnations, Violets, Grape Vines.

JUNE

VEGETABLES :

Broad bean, early cabbage, leek, pea, herbs, spinach beet, endive, lettuce, onion (late crop), mustard, radish and parsley. Tomatoes under cover.

Plant first crop potatoes in frost-free situations, eschallots, cabbage, onion, asparagus, herbs, leek, rhubarb and spinach beet.

FLOWERS:

Sow seeds of Ageratum, Alyssum, Antirrhinum, Bellis perennis, Calendula, Coreopsis, Candytuft, Carnation, Dianthus, Gaillardia, Godetia, Gypsophila, Larkspur, Linaria, Mignonette, Scabious, Statice.

Plant bulbs of Lilium, Lily of the Valley, Calla, Tuberose.

Plant:—Fruit Trees, Roses, Ornamental Trees and Shrubs, Carnations, Violets, Strawberry, Grape Vines.

JULY

VEGETABLES :

Asparagus, spinach beet, early cabbage, carrot, small growing parsnip, lettuce, onion, radish, tomatoes and egg plant (under cover), turnip, pear and rhubarb.

Plant potatoes, except low-lying frosty places, asparagus, Jerusalem artichokes, choko, cabbage, leek, lettuce, onion, spinach beet, herbs and summer rhubarb.

FLOWERS:

Sow Seeds of Ageratum, Antirrhinum, Begonia (under glass), Bellis perennis, Calendula, Coreopsis, Candytuft, Carnations, Dianthus, Gaillardia, Godetia, Gypsophila, Linaria, Mignonette, Larkspur, Phlox (in warm position), Scabious, Statice.

Plant bulbs of Gladiolus, Agapanthus, Liliums, Lily of the Valley, Tuberose.

Plant:—Fruit Trees, Strawberry, Roses, Ornamental Trees and Shrubs, Carnations, Cannas, Perennial Phlox, Violets.

AUGUST

VEGETABLES :

Asparagus, beet, spinach beet, French bean (about the end of month on higher ground), carrot, lettuce, marrow, cucumber, rock melon and squash in pots in sheltered position for transplanting, tomato and egg plant in warm sheltered bed, parsnip, leek, onion, pea, parsley, mustard, turnip.

Plant asparagus, potatoes, choko, spinach beet, cabbage, lettuce, onion and tomato under cover or in open in frost-free situation.

FLOWERS:

Sow Acroclinium, Abronia, Ageratum, Antirrhinum, Arctotis, Aster (under glass), Begonia (under glass), Calendula, Coreopsis, Candytuft, Carnations, Centaurea, Chrysanthemum, Delphinium, Dianthus, Didiscus, Gaillardia, Gypsophila, Helichrysum, Marigold (latter part of month), Mignonette, Perennial Pea, Phlox, Saponaria, Scabious, Statice, Verbena (in warm spot).

Plant bulbs of Gladiolus, Begonia, Gloxinia.

Plant:—Fruit Trees, Ornamental Trees and Shrubs, Roses (early in month if possible), Carnations, Violets, Perennial Phlox.

SEPTEMBER

VEGETABLES :

All kinds of French beans, asparagus, beet, spinach beet, cape gooseberry, capsicum (pepper), carrot, celery, cucumbers, egg plant, lettuce, melons, parsley, parsnip, marrow, pumpkin and squash, pea (quick maturing kinds), peanut, radish, sweet corn, tomato and turnip.

Plant potatoes, tomato, egg plant, cabbage, sweet potato, leek, choko, spinach beet and onion.

FLOWERS:

Sow Acroclinium, Amaranthus, Antirrhinum, Arctotis, Aster, Balsam, Begonia, Coreopsis, Capsicum, Carnations, Celosia, Chrysanthemum, Dahlia, Dianthus, Didiscus, Eschscholtzia, Gaillardia, Gypsophila, Helichrysum, Marigold (African), Nasturtium, Petunia, Phlox, Portulacca, Salpiglossis, Salvia, Saponaria, Sunflower, Tithonia, Torenia, Venidium, Verbena, Zinnia.

Also all summer climbers and lawn and grass seeds.

Plant bulbs of Dahlia and Gladiolus, Begonia, Gloxinia.

Plant:—Trees and Shrubs, Passion Plants, Chrysanthemums, Carnations.

OCTOBER

VEGETABLES :

All beans except broad beans, beet, spinach, beet, carrot, cucumber, cape gooseberry, egg plant, lettuce (where to grow), marrow, pumpkin, squash, radish, peanut, sweet corn, turnip, tomato and pepper.

Plant tomato, egg plant, cape gooseberry, sweet potato.

FLOWERS :

Sow Amaranthus, Antirrhinum, Asters, Balsam, Capsicum, Celosia, Cosmos, Dahlia, Eschscholtzia, Gaillardia, Gloxinia, African Marigold, Nasturtium, Coleus, Petunia, Phlox, Portulacca, Mesembryanthemum, Salpiglossis, Salvia, Sunflower, Tithonia, Venidium, Verbena, Zinnia, Summer Climbers.

Plant bulbs of Dahlia, Gladiolus.

Plant:—Trees and Shrubs, Coleus, Ferns, Palms, Passion Vines.

NOVEMBER

VEGETABLES :

All kinds of beans except broad, beet, spinach beet, marrow, pumpkin, squash, tomato, cucumber, lettuce (where to grow), egg plant, pepper, cape gooseberry, peanut, radish, turnip, sweet corn and rock melons.

Plant tomato, sweet potato, egg plant, cape gooseberry.

FLOWERS :

Sow Amaranthus, Antirrhinum, Aster, Balsam, Begonia, Capsicum, Celosia, Coleus, Cosmos, Didiscus, Eschscholtzia, Kochia, African Marigold, Mesembryanthemum, Petunia, Phlox, Portulacca, Salpiglossis, Salvia, Sunflower, Tithonia, Venidium, Verbena, Zinnia. Also Summer Climbers.

Plant Dahlia (green plants), Trees and Shrubs, Coleus, Palms, Ferns Passion Vines.

DECEMBER

VEGETABLES:

French beans (dwarf, runner and wax), beet, cabbage, celery (under shade), cucumber, radish, lettuce (where to grow), marrow, pumpkin, squash, cape gooseberry, cauliflower, tomato, sweet corn and turnip.

Plant out tomatoes, sweet potato, cape gooseberry, egg plant, and pepper.

FLOWERS:

Sow Antirrhinum, Aster, Balsam, Cosmos, Delphinium, Didiscus, Kochia, African Marigold, Pansy (end of month), Petunia, Phlox, Portulacca Stocks (end of month), Sunflower, Tithonia, Viola (end of month), Zinnia.

Plant Dahlias (green plants), Bouvardias.

BEANS and PEAS

We take the greatest care in selecting seed crops of these important lines.

BUSH FRENCH BEANS

BROWN BEAUTY. — Most outstanding as regards earliness and yield. Produces long straight pods not quite so broad as Canadian Wonder. Gives 2 or 3 very heavy pickings, but pods must be marketed as soon as ready otherwise they get very tough. Pkt. 6d. (post paid 8d.).

BURPEE'S STRINGLESS GREEN POD
Tender, straight, fleshy pods, two weeks earlier than Canadians. Pkt., 6d. (post paid 8d.).

NEW DISCOVERY.—May be classed as an improved Feltham's Prolific. Also known as Wonderful. Dwarf, early heavy cropping variety. Pkt., 6d. (post paid, 8d.).

CANADIAN WONDER.—Popular market bean, very hardy. Pkt., 6d. (post paid, 8d.).

HAWKESBURY WONDER. — A new dwarf early maturing french bean of great promise. Produced by the Plant Breeding Branch of N.S.W. Department of Agriculture for disease resistance. Produces long pods of good quality. Heavy cropper. No supplies of seed until January. Pkt., 6d. (post paid, 9d.).

FELTHAM PROLIFIC. — A h a r d y variety showing some resistance to Halo Blight. Pods rather short. Pkt., 6d. (post paid, 8d.).

TWEED WONDER — In many districts during the last few seasons our stock seed of Tweed Wonder was the only bean that produced a commercial crop. In some localities beans died out all around it, but Tweed Wonder gave a crop. The seed has been saved from crops showing very little Bacterial blight. Pkt., 6d. (post paid, 8d.).

EMPEROR WILLIAM.—Broad pods, tender; good for cool districts. Pkt., 6d. (post paid, 8d.).

BOUNTIFUL.—A very good early bean. Pods brittle and stringless. Pkt., 6d. (post paid, 8d.).

BLUE WONDER.—A blue podded bean which has given good results in some of the drier districts. Pkt., 6d. (post paid, 8d.).

BURNLEY CANADIAN.—A Vic. selection showing marked resistance to Halo blight. Unfortunately, it is very susceptible to Pod Spot, so cannot be recommended for early crops or North Coast. Pkt., 6d. (post paid, 8d.).

BUSH BUTTER BEANS

Pkt., 6d. (post paid, 8d.).

STARTLER WAX.—Crops heavily, bearing large, round, fleshy, stringless beans of fine flavour.

BRITTLE WAX. — Best of all the wax or butter beans. Beans round and fleshy, stringless and tender. The beans retain their yellow colour when cooked, super-fine flavour.

CLIMBING FRENCH BEANS

Pkt., 6d. (post paid, 8d.); except where stated.

RUMSEY'S GIANT ROUND POD. — Known also as Kentucky Wonder. Free - growing, prolific, deliciously flavoured.

EPICURE. — A flat bean, enormous cropper, and delicious cooked.

CLIMBING STRINGLESS GREEN-POD
Uniformly straight pods, 6 to 8 inches in length, rich green, and very meaty, entirely stringless. Sometimes called White Seeded Kentucky Wonder.

SCARLET RUNNER (Improved).—Bears enormous pods, 12 to 18 inches long. Only suitable for cool districts.

YARD LONG OR SNAKE.—Fleshy beans 18 to 20 inches long. Pkt., 6d.; 1lb., 2/-. Post paid.

BEANS AND PEAS—(Continued)

DRYING BEAN

IMPROVED WHITE NAVY.—The best of all beans for baked bean industry. Resistant to rust and black spot. Pkt., 6d. (post paid 8d.).

CLIMBING BUTTER or WAX

GOLDEN CLUSTER. — A most popular climbing butter bean. Pkt., 6d. (post paid, 8d.).

BROAD BEANS

Sow in autumn and early winter. Pkt., 6d. (post paid, 9d.).

EARLY LONG POD.—Our trials over many years have shown this variety to be best suited to N.S.W. conditions generally.

PERENNIAL CLIMBING BEAN

TONGAN BEAN.—Pkt., 6d. Black seeds; runs 20 to 30 feet, broad, tender pods, stringless. Perennial only in coastal districts.

CLIMBING LIMA BEAN

BURPEES GIANT PODDED. — Pkt., 6d. (post paid, 9d.). Early, prolific, handsome, of delicious flavour.

BUSH LIMA BEANS

FORDHOOK BUSH — Beans are rather thicker and larger than any other sort; great croppers. Pkt., 6d. (post paid 9d.).

SUGAR PEAS

TALL.—Require staking like beans. The pods are cooked whole. Pkt., 6d. (post paid, 8d.).

PEA

In the coastal and warmer climates peas are best treated as a winter crop, sown in Autumn. In the cooler and mountain climates spring sowing is best.

EMPEROR.—A pure line strain of Greenfeast, selected for robust growth and heavy yield. Preferable to Greenfeast for canning because of brighter green seeds. Pkt., 6d. (post paid, 9d.).

W. F. MASSEY. — 18 inches. A new extra early pea of exceptional merit. Ready three weeks before Greenfeast. Recommended for a quick crop in autumn or spring. For an extra early pea it is very prolific giving two or three good pickings of well filled bright green pods. Sold extensively as "Gem" by Sydney seedsmen. Pkt., 6d. (post paid, 9d.).

RICHARD SEDDON. — 20 inches. The best second early pea for market or home use. Heavy crops of exceptionally well filled pods. In season between W. F. Massey and Greenfeast. Pkt., 6d. (post paid, 9d.).

GREENFEAST. — 30 ins. This is the most popular market pea. Bright green pods make it readily saleable. Does not stand wet conditions as well as W. F. Massey. Pkt., 6d. (post paid, 9d.).

ALDERMAN.—The best tall-growing variety for stakes or trellis. Large crops of enormous pods. Pkt., 6d. (post paid, 9d.).

DO NOT SOW PEAS TOO DEEPLY

Vegetable Seeds and Roots

ALL SEEDS ARE POST PAID UNLESS QUOTED OTHERWISE.

1lb. lots supplied at 1lb. rate; 3oz. at 1oz. rates (subject to minimum charge of 9d. per item) unless quoted otherwise.

ARTICHOKE

LARGE GREEN GLOBE.—Pkt., 6d.
JERUSALEM.—Not generally grown from seeds. Rhizomes ready June to August. 3d. lb.; freight extra.
Special quotes for larger lots.

ASPARAGUS

MARY WASHINGTON. — Has proved to be nearly rust free.
Pkt., 6d.; oz., 1/-; 1 lb., 2/6; 1 lb., 7/6.
Roots available June, July and August 25 for 3/6; 10/- 100; freight extra.

Packet Prices

Prices for our standard packets of vegetable seeds are 6d. per packet, except for special lines priced at higher rates. These packets contain sufficient for average gardens.

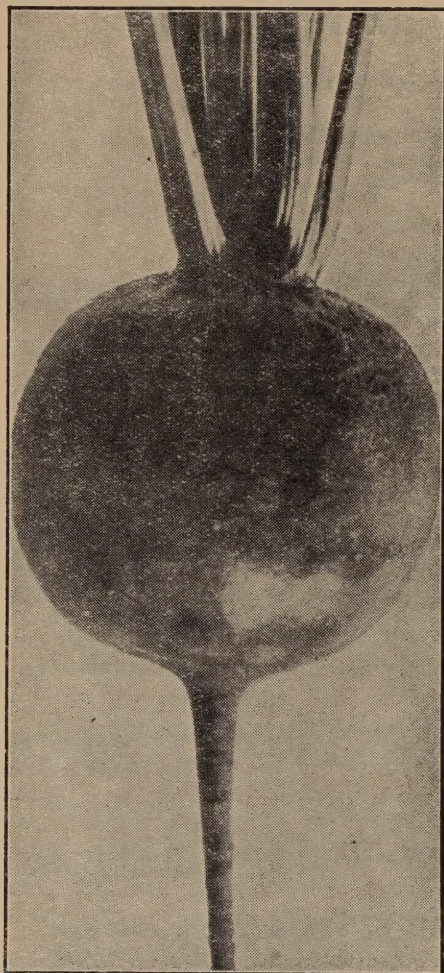
To meet the demand of those who have a very limited space we are offering the following popular lines also in

THREEPENNY PACKETS

Except for the undermentioned varieties we cannot depart from prices listed in this catalogue.

BEET—Early Wonder.
SPINACH BEET—Fordhook Giant, Lucullus.
CABBAGE—Early Jersey Wakefield, Early Drumhead.
CARROT—St. Valery, Early Short-horn.
CUCUMBER—Apple Shaped, White Spine.
LETTUCE—Iceberg, Mignonette.
MARROW—Long Green Bush, Long White Bush.
ONION—Prizetaker, Brown Spanish.

PARSNIP—Short Thick, Hollow Crowned.
PUMPKIN—Triangle.
ROCKMELON — Netted Gem. Sydney Market.
WATERMELON—Market Wonder and Sugarstick.
PARSLEY—Triple Curled.
RADISH—All Varieties.
SQUASH—White Bush Scalloped.
SWEDE—Champion.
TURNIP—White Stone.
TOMATO—Large Mixed. Burwood Prize, Bonny Best.



Crimson King

SILVER or SPINACH BEET

Silver beet, from its continuous cropping habit, has taken the place of spinach.

LUCULLUS.—Large ruffled light green leaves, broad mid-rib. Pkt., 6d.; oz., 9d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 1/6; 1 lb., 4/6.

FORDHOOK GIANT — Rich blue-green, crinkled leaves, up to 10 inches in width and 2½ feet in height. Stems pearly white, 2½ inches wide, thick and succulent. Special Strain. Pkt., 6d.; oz., 9d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 1/9; 1 lb., 5/-.

HALF LONG BEET

Requires deep soils, cool climate and autumn planting.

OBELISK (Rumsey's Special Strain). — Half Long, good colour and flavour. Fine for slicing. Pkt., 6d.; oz., 9d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 1/9; 1 lb., 5/-.

TURNIP ROOTED BEET

Turnip-rooted beet may be sown in rows or transplanted almost any month.

CRIMSON KING.—A new deep crimson fleshed globe shaped beet of exceptional quality. Quite as early as Early Wonder, but tops a little brittle for some growers. Pkt., 6d.; 1 oz., 9d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 1/9; 1 lb., 5/-.

EARLY WONDER (Rapid Red)—Fine quality beet for early market or home garden. Our strain has been selected for quick maturity and quality of roots. Good tops for bunching. Pkt., 6d.; oz., 9d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 1/3; 1 lb., 3/9.

CRIMSON GLOBE.—Sweet and tender. Pkt., 6d.; oz., 1/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 1/6; 1 lb., 4/6.

IMPROVED DETROIT DARK RED.—A pure line strain of this remarkable market variety. Fine dark colour. Pkt., 6d.; oz., 9d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 1/6; 1 lb., 4/6.

CROSBY'S EGYPTIAN. — Popular home garden and market variety. Fine quality red fleshed beetroot, growing to about 3 inches diameter. Pkt., 6d.; oz., 9d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 1/6; 1 lb., 4/-.



Fordhook Giant

FORDHOOK GIANT IS BEST SPINACH BEET !

CAULIFLOWERS

Cauliflower seeds should be sown from December to March in the warmer parts and November to February, August and September in the cooler districts. Manure heavily before planting out; irrigate well or apply water before they get too dry. Extra early varieties are not recommended for the County of Cumberland. Where plenty of water is available for irrigating November sowing of early varieties in tableland districts are usually successful for autumn cutting. For varieties see summer and autumn catalogue.

CAPE GOOSEBERRY

GOLDEN NUGGET.—This is the result of over twenty years selection. An enormous yellow fruit bursting out of the husk. It sometimes reaches two inches in diameter.

Recommended for preserves or jam as fruits are unpalatable to eat raw. The plants are enormously prolific. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 2/6; oz., 7/6; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 22/6.

COMMON CAPE GOOSEBERRY.—(*Physalis edulis*). This variety is a biennial, and in mild climates produces its best crop of fruit during the second season. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 1/6; oz., 4/6.

HUSK TOMATO.—(*Physalis pubescens*) Quite different from either of the above. The vines are trailers, and it is very prolific. This is the best flavoured variety for eating raw. The berry is small and sweet. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 1/6; oz., 4/6.

CRESS

TRIPLE CURLED or LAND CRESS.—

This is used as a salad with mustard. Pkt., 6d.; oz., 9d.

WATER.—Grows well in running water. Pkt., 6d.

NOTE.—Water cress should be grown in streams which can be fenced to keep dogs from it.

POP CORN

Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 1/-, post paid.

WHITE RICE. — The grains are pearly white, pointed, and not unlike rice grains in shape.

SWEET CORN

Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 9d.

Every garden should have a row of this delicious vegetable. Sown every two weeks in spring and early summer.

GOLDEN BANTAM. — This popular and excellent variety is still one of the best in spite of many recent introductions. Very early maturing and delicious flavour.

THE BURPEE.—Rich and sweet heavy cropper larger and earlier than our famous Golden Bantam.

WHITE EVERGREEN.—Excellent main-crop variety for home and market. Earlier and larger than Stowell's Evergreen. Sweet and tasty.

HOT KAPS

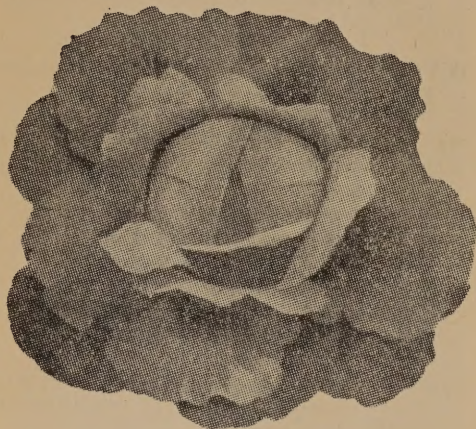
Hot Kaps are thin paper hoods for protecting seed and hastening germination. They are placed over a group of seeds and are later slashed, then removed as the season advances.

Hot Kaps are inexpensive and very effective and with methodical use they should more than pay their way.

Price:—11/6 per 100; £5/5/- per 1,000, freight extra. 1 dozen 1/6, postage 4d. extra.

SEE PAGE 51 FOR BULK PRICES

Cabbage



Allhead Early.

COPENHAGEN MARKET — Special stock strain. A quick maturing cabbage now becoming very popular for market. We have found it excellent for spring cropping and most reliable. Pkt., 6d.; oz., 1/9; 4 oz., 5/-; 1 lb., 15/-.

GOLDEN ACRE. — An extra early small round headed cabbage. Extra fine quality and solid. Pkt., 6d.; oz., 1/9; 1 lb., 5/-; lb., 15/-.

ALLHEAD EARLY — A popular cabbage for both autumn and spring crops. Forms good solid heads of medium size and not too many outer leaves. Pkt., 6d.; oz., 1/9; 1 lb., 5/-; 1 lb., 15/-.

ENKHUISEN GLORY.

— A popular early cabbage with round solid head. Carries well. Selected stock. Recommended for spring and autumn crops. Similar to but a few days later than "Burrawang" variety. Pkt., 6d.; oz., 1/6; 1 lb., 4/6; lb., 12/6.

EARLY JERSEY WAKEFIELD. — Special stock strain. Sweetest small early cabbage for home use. Sugar-loaf shape. Pkt., 6d.; oz., 1/9; 1 lb., 5/-.

SHORT-STEM DRUMHEAD (Early) — Grows close to the ground and makes very heavy heads. Blue green leaves are very tough, making it an excellent cabbage for severe conditions in late summer and winter. Pkt., 6d.; oz., 1/6; 1 lb., 4/-; 1 lb., 12/6.

SUCCESSION.—An old favourite with many growers, but not now so popular as the earlier round headed varieties. Pkt., 6d.; oz., 1/6; 4 oz., 4/6; 1 lb., 12/6.

SUCCESSION.—Peter Henderson stock. Pkt., 6d.; oz., 4/-; 1 lb., 11/-; lb., 39/-.

EARLIEST FORCING GLOBE.—A small extra early cabbage forming perfectly round heads of unusual solidity. Having few outer leaves they may be planted 12 inches apart in the row. Pkt., 6d.; oz., 2/6; 4 oz., 7/6.

KING CANUTE.—A very solid ballhead type cabbage suitable for either Autumn, Winter or Spring. Large heads which stand well in the bed after maturing. Pkt., 6d.; oz., 2/-; 1 lb., 6/-.



**Copenhagen
Market**

"DRYMAC" IS BEST CONTROL FOR CABBAGE GRUB

CABBAGES (Cont.)**Surehead**

MIDSEASON MARKET. — A variety which has done very well for spring coastal crops. Round headed type similar to Enkhuisen Glory and Burrawang in that it throws a percentage of off types. As it is about a week earlier than Burrawang and cuts better, growers will find it well worth a trial. Pkt., 6d.; oz., 1/9; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 5/-; 1 lb., 15/-.

WORLD-BEATER OR AUTUMN KING. Very large, Autumn and Winter cabbage. Late maturing. Pkt., 6d.; oz., 2/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 6/-.

**Chinese Cabbage**

SUREHEAD. — Having so few outer leaves, it can be grown closely in the rows, and will give a very great weight of cabbages per acre. Large round flattened, extra firm. Keeps well. Pkt., 6d.; oz., 2/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 6/6; lb., 20/-.

FLOWER OF SPRING. Semi-conical in shape and foliage is a bright green. Early. Pkt., 6d.; oz., 1/6; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 4/6; 1 lb., 12/6.

CHINESE CABBAGE

When sown in February or March and in the cool climates in June, the plants develop quickly, forming large, tightly folded heads of tender leaves, beautifully blanched in the heart. Chinese cabbage is used sliced raw as a salad like lettuce, or is delicious when boiled.

PE TSAI. — Specially selected stock. Pkt., 6d.; oz., 1/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 3/-.

WONG BOK.—This variety has been grown to a considerable extent recently for poultry greens. Broader and shorter heads than Pe Tsai. The leaves are tightly folded and well blanched, the ribs juicy and agreeably pungent. Pkt., 6d.; oz., 1/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 3/-; lb., 9/-.

SAVOY CABBAGE

PERFECTION SAVOY (Drumhead). — Good for winter growth in the cold districts; much improved by good frosts after maturing. Pkt., 6d.; oz., 1/6; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 4/3; lb., 12/6.

RED CABBAGE

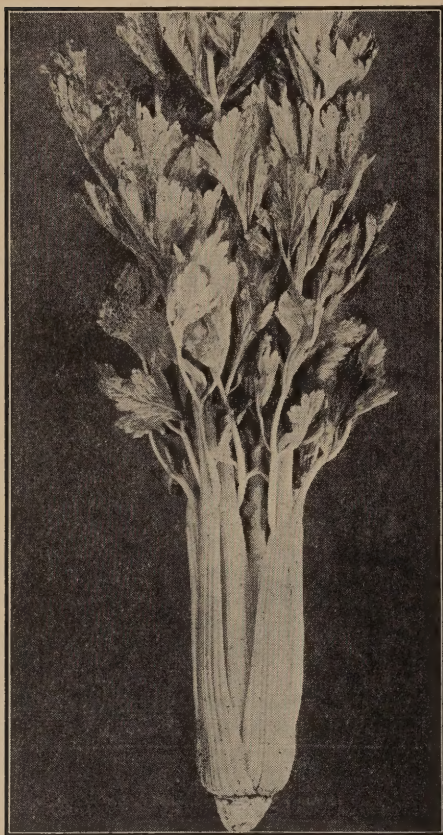
MAMMOTH ROCK RED — Solid, dark red heads, good for pickles, or for cooking. Pkt., 6d.; oz., 1/6; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 4/6; lb., 12/6.

SEE PAGE 51 FOR BULK PRICES

CELERY

Celery does well from either early spring (July-August) or summer, and early autumn sowings. Shade must be provided for seed beds when sowing in summer to ensure a good stand. Plenty of water is necessary for success.

SUPREME GOLDEN — An outstanding new strain of Golden Yellow Self-Blanching type producing compact cylindrical plants 22 to 27 inches tall according to soil and growing conditions. Edible stems broad and thick, 7 to 10 inches to first joint. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 3/6; oz., 10/6.



Golden Phenomenal.



Fordhook

SOUTH AUSTRALIAN WHITE — Chiefly grown in South Australia for sending to Interstate markets. Rather coarse quality but sells readily on account of its size. Pkts., 6d.; oz., 3/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 10/-.

GOLDEN PHENOMENAL — Heavy, compact and full-hearted; intermediate height. A top price market variety. Pkt., 6d.; oz., 3/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 10/6.

WHITE PLUME — The earliest and most easily blanched of the celeries. of delicious nutty flavour. Pkt., 6d.; oz., 1/6; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 4/-.

FORDHOOK — A hardy variety of outstanding merit. Of dwarf type, the stalks smooth and very thick. The colour snow white, the heart tinged with yellow. Flavour, nutty and crisp. Pkts., 6d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 1/-; oz., 3/6.

GIANT PASCAL — A late variety, producing tall, thick stalks. Blanches to an attractive light yellow. Tasty and crisp. Pkt., 6d.; oz., 1/6; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 4/-.

CELERIAC — Turnip rooted, used for soups. Pkt., 6d.

SOUP CELERY — Non-germinating. For flavouring only. $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 1/-.

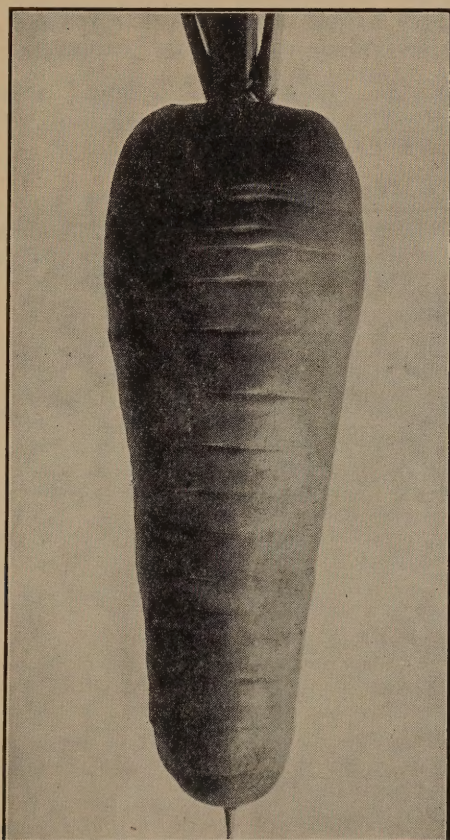
"BORDINETTE" PREVENTS FUNGUS GROWTH

TABLE CARROTS

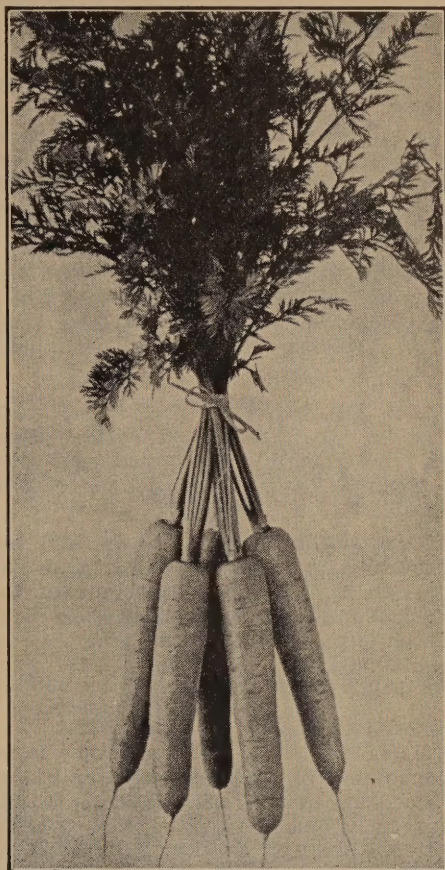
LONG BUNCHING—A longer and better coloured bunching carrot for market. Roots are 9 to 10 inches long under good conditions, and up to $1\frac{1}{2}$ inches diameter. When mature almost cylindrical and well stumped. Necks are small, but leaves tough. Requires good soil for best results. Pkt., 6d.; oz., 9d.; 4 ozs., 1/9; lb., 5/-.

EARLY NANTIES — (True French strain). Half-long variety, with a stump root and a fine tap-root. The roots average about six inches in length, and $1\frac{1}{2}$ inches in thickness. Pkt., 6d.; oz., 9d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 1/9; lb., 5/-.

DANVERS HALF LONG.—Red Cored strain. A first quality market carrot, becoming very popular for marketing in sacks. Pkt., 6d.; oz., 9d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 1/6; lb., 4/6.



Red Cored Chantenay



Carrot Long Bunching

ST. VALERY.—An intermediate carrot with long tapered roots, 10 inches in length. Pkt., 6d.; oz., 9d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 1/6; lb., 4/6.

RED CORED CHANTENAY — Extra fine quality, rich orange colour, with core almost the same colour as the flesh and of equal quality, stump rooted, uniform and delicious. Pkt., 6d.; oz., 9d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 1/6; lb., 4/6.

WHITE INTERMEDIATE.—Best white carrot for table use, good flavour. Also known as White Belgian "in ground" strain. Pkt., 6d.; oz., 9d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 1/6; lb., 4/6.

EARLY SHORTHORN.—A fine variety for quick growth and for shallow soils. Pkt., 6d.; oz., 9d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 1/9; lb., 5/-.

SEE PAGE 51 FOR BULK PRICES

CUCUMBER

"STRAIGHT EIGHT" — Symmetrical almost cylindrical fruits, well rounded at both ends. Straight and eight inches in length under normal growing conditions. Skin deep green. Good market variety. Pkt., 6d.; oz., 1/3; ¼ lb., 3/6. lb., 10/6.

GREEN APPLE.—A selection from the Crystal Apple variety, having a green tinged skin. Pkt., 6d.; oz., 2/6; ¼ lb., 7/6. We can also supply Richmond Green.

BLACK DIAMOND — Nearly a week earlier than Early Fortune. Good market variety. Stays green long after picking. Pkts., 6d.; oz., 1/3; ¼ lb., 3/6; lb., 10/6.

EARLY FORTUNE — Early, and immensely productive. Fruits grow up to 9in. in length. The colour of the skin is a rich, dark green and the flesh is pure white, firm and crisp; delicious flavour. Pkt., 6d.; oz., 1/-; ¼ lb., 3/-; lb., 9/6.

COMMERCIAL OR IMPROVED

WHITE SPINE — A perfectly shaped cucumber of medium length and large diameter, quite smooth, and remaining green after being picked; very productive. Pkts., 6d.; oz., 1/-; ¼ lb., 3/-; 1 lb., 9/6.

APPLE SHAPED — The apple shaped cucumber is at its best when the outer skin is almost white, before it starts to turn yellow. Pkt., 6d.; oz., 1/-; ¼ lb., 3/6; lb., 10/6.

CRYSTAL APPLE.—The skin is white without any trace of brown or yellow. Though this cucumber looks fine at any stage it should only be marketed while quite young. Pkt., 6d., oz., 2/-; ¼ lb., 6/-.

WHITE EARLY — A long, white cucumber, growing 10 to 12in. long, and 3in. in diameter. Pale green while young, turning to a porcelain white. Pkt., 6d.; oz., 2/-.

BOSTON PICKLING.—Best variety to grow for commercial "gherkins." Pick when 1½ to 2 inches long for best prices. Pkt., 6d.; oz., 1/-; ¼ lb., 3/-; lb., 10/-.

AFRICAN HORNED — Unique, very late, enormously prolific. Fruit while young may be eaten freely as apples; when ripe, with a spoon like passion fruit. Pkt., 6d.; oz., 2/-.

HERBS

Pkt., 6d.

PARSLEY.—See page 22.

SAGE.—Best broad leaved. Oz., 1/6.

THYME.—Best green-leaved. Oz., 3/-.

MARJORAM.—Sweet or knotted. Oz., 3/-.

THYME, SAGE and MARJORAM, MIXED.—Pkt., 6d.; oz., 2/-.

EGG PLANT

Pkt., 6d.; oz., 3/-; ¼ lb., 10/-.

NEW YORK IMPROVED LARGE PURPLE.—A fine large variety.

BLACK BEAUTY — Round shape, smooth deep purplish black skin. Good quality.

ENDIVE

GREEN CURLED.—When well blanched, makes an improvement on lettuce. Pkt., 6d.; oz., 1/-.

KOHL-RABI

Pkt., 6d.; oz., 1/3; ¼ lb., 3/6.

EARLY PURPLE VIENNA — A fine, tender variety.

LEEK

MUSSELBURGH — A well-known, good and hardy sort. Pkt., 6d.; oz., 1/6; ¼ lb., 4/-; lb., 12/-.

MUSTARD

This is usually grown with cress. Pkt., 6d.; ¼ lb., 1/-.

WHITE.—The old English variety; seed used for making the well-known condiment.

FORDHOOK FANCY — The most beautifully curled and crested leaves; fine for garnishing.

WHITE EARLY IS THE BEST FLAVOURED

LETTUCE

CALIFORNIA CREAM BUTTER.—The largest of the butter lettuces. Best in Winter. Pkt., 6d.; oz., 1/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 3/-.

ICEBERG.—Handsome curly, light green leaves, with pink tint. Solid head. Good Summer lettuce. Pkt., 6d.; oz., 1/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 2/9; lb., 8/-.

PARIS WHITE COS.—The Cos lettuces are quite distinct; they require tying up to blanch the centre leaves. For Winter use. Pkt., 6d.; oz., 1/-.

MIGNONETTE.—A crisp curly, small brown lettuce that succeeds in Fiji, and very hot climates. Pkt., 6d.; oz., 1/6; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 4/-; lb., 12/-.

SPECIAL STRAINS OF NEW YORK.

Growers of lettuce for market should try our different strains and adopt for each season the one that gives them the best results.

IMPERIAL 847 — This strain has given good results at Hawkesbury College and in our trials during summer months. A large hearted strain, but it does not show mildew resistance. Therefore only recommended for further summer trial. Pkt., 6d.; oz., 1/9; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 5/-; lb., 15/-.

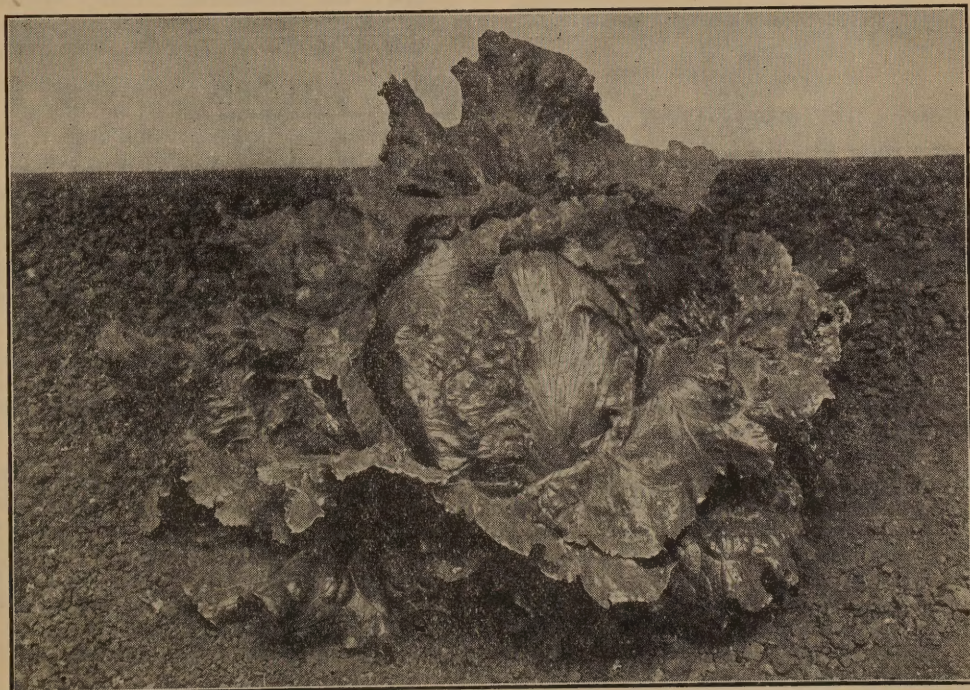
IMPERIAL "D." — Stands more frost than others. Our strain of this fine dark green lettuce has become very popular for winter planting. Mildew resisting. Pkt., 6d.; oz., 1/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 3/-; lb., 10/-.

IMPERIAL "F." — One of best commercial strains for spring, summer and autumn. Combines the qualities of brown blight resistance with resistance to tip burn and mildew. Pkt., 6d.; oz., 1/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 3/-; lb., 10/-.

IMPERIAL 615 — A strain which has become very popular for early winter and early summer crops. Stands cold weather well, has large showy hearts, but does not show the mildew resistance of Imperial "D." and Imperial "F." Is a good winter lettuce in dry seasons. Pkt., 6d.; oz., 1/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 3/-; lb., 10/-.

NEW YORK No. 12 — A popular strain for summer planting with many growers. Pkts., 6d.; oz., 1/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 3/-; lb., 10/-.

WONDERFUL or NEW YORK—Select strain. Pkt., 6d.; oz., 1/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 2/9; lb., 8/6.

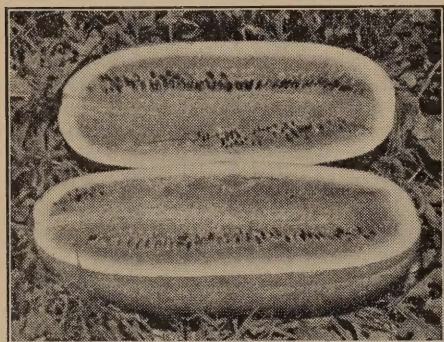


NEW YORK — IMPERIAL "F"
SEE PAGE 51 FOR BULK PRICES

WATERMELONS

Pkt., 6d.; oz., 9d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 2/-; lb., 5/9 each variety, except where stated.

HAWKESBURY WILT RESISTING OR WILT RESISTANT THURMOND GREY — There is no doubt that this is the melon which growers, in areas where wilt is prevalent, have been looking for. Ideal market melon, oblong shape, light greenish-grey skin—seeds brownish black. Rich crimson flesh of fine quality. Matures a little earlier than Sugarstick. Pkt., 6d.; oz., 1/6; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 4/6; 1 lb., 12/6.



HAWKESBURY W.R.

PRIDE OF MUSCATINE — A wilt-resisting strain of the popular Kleckley's Sweets. Recommended for growers in commercial areas, where wilt is prevalent.

EARLY SUGAR — (Early Canada). Early, small and very prolific. Fruits round, skin mottled greyish green. Pkt., 6d.; oz., 1/3; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 3/6; lb., 10/6.

ANGELINO — Excellent melon for shipping or local markets. Oval, green skin. Black seeded and white seeded strains stocked. Solid, very bright red, flesh of excellent quality.

CHILIAN BLACK SEEDED.—The black seeded melons sell better in slices, and when cut. Medium sized melon, flesh bright red and of delicious quality.

KLONDYKE.—Good home garden and local sale variety. Oval shape. Flesh brittle and sweet. Pkt., 6d.; oz., 1/6; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 4/6.

FORDHOOK EARLY — Early round, medium sized melon. Skin medium green with darker green tracing. Seeds white. Resembles Moreton Bay, except for colour of seeds.

HALBERT HONEY — The melons are large, sweet and tasty, melting in the mouth like honey, and leaving no fibre. Second early. One of the best home garden varieties.

STONE MOUNTAIN.—A new variety of merit. Round and slightly ribbed. The smooth skin is green and flesh deep crimson. Large size and early.

SUGARSTICK — Standard greyish green skinned market melon for Sydney markets.

KLECKLEY'S SWEETS IMPROVED OR MARKET WONDER — An excellent market melon, having dark green skin and rich red flesh. Large size, oblong, and of good eating quality.

SUNNYBROOK — An excellent main-crop market melon. Oblong, greyish green fruits, up to 30 or 40 lbs. each. Fine-grained, sweet and tasty.

OTHER WATERMELONS — We can also supply at oz., 9d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 1/9; lb., 5/-; the following:—Tom Watson, Kleckley Sweets, Ice Cream or Peerless, Irish Gray, Florida Favourite.

ROCK MELONS

Pkt., 6d.; oz., 1/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 2/6; lb., 8/- each variety; except where priced.

HONEY DEW—MILDEW-RESISTANT. — A new strain of this favourite late melon which, because of its resistance to mildew, will be of great help to growers of autumn crops. Pkt., 6d.; oz., 1/3; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 3/6; lb., 10/6.

MONTREAL NUTMEG — Thick flesh, light green, flavour simply delicious. Fruits 6 $\frac{1}{2}$ inches diameter and very heavy.

NETTED GEM or ROCKY FORD.—Very prolific, small early melon. Heavily netted, slightly ribbed. Oval shape, green flesh.

HONEY ROCK — Heavy cropper of exceptional quality. Fruit medium sized almost round and grey green skin is heavily netted. Flesh is deep salmon, very sweet and tasty.

ROCK MELONS—(Contd.)

HEARTS OF GOLD.—A main crop market melon, about 5 by 6 inches, round, slightly ribbed and well netted.

POLLOCK—10-25 — Maincrop melon of the solid netted type. A splendid keeper, carries well—fine quality. Stem drops off when ripe. Flesh green with salmon tint.

SPICY CANTELOUPE — Fine large melons of exquisite flavour; stringless. Prolific and of vigorous growth. Pkt., 6d.; oz., 1/6; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 4/6; lb., 12/6.

HALES BEST — One of the earliest of large melons to mature. Oval in shape, slightly ribbed and well netted. Best early market variety. Salmon flesh.

HALES BEST No. 36.—Is a selected strain, favoured by many growers as it is nearly round in shape, and shows practically no rib.

SYDNEY MARKET — Fruit of medium size, with a fine heavy netting, and fairly distinct ribs. Averages about 5 lb. in weight. The flesh is bright salmon pink, and of excellent flavour.

CALIFORNIAN CREAM — Very popular for shipping to Sydney markets late in the summer and autumn. Is a hybrid cassaba or Persian type. Pkt., 6d.; oz., 1/6; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 5/-; lb., 17/6.

PRESERVING MELONS

Pkt., 6d.; oz., 1/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 1/6; lb., 4/6;
Except where stated.

RED SEEDED CITRON — A very popular red-seeded variety.

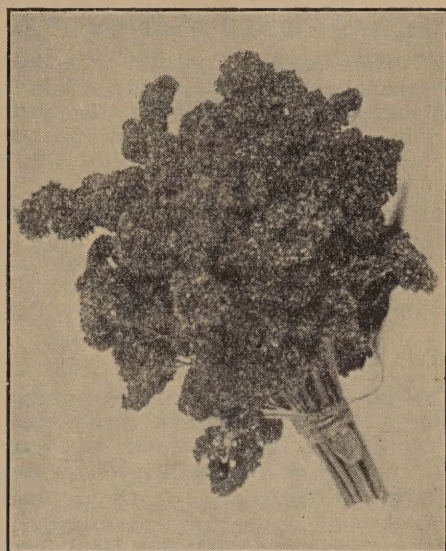
COLORADO CITRON.—An immense round melon with firm, white flesh.

SNOW MELON.—The seed is contained in the central cavity like a vegetable marrow, making it very easy to prepare for jam, for which it is very fine. Pkt., 6d.; oz., 1/9; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 5/-.

PARSNIPS

SHORT THICK.—A very early variety, roots filling out at an early stage, making it suitable for home gardens. When fully grown is 6 to 8 inches long and $2\frac{1}{2}$ to $3\frac{1}{2}$ inches thick. Good for bunching for market. Pkt., 6d.; oz., 9d; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 1/6; lb., 4/6.

HOLLOW CROWNED — The standard market variety. Pkt., 6d.; oz., 9d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 1/3; lb., 3/-.



PARSLEY PARAMOUNT

PARSLEY

TRIPLE CURLED or Extra Dark Moss Curled. Pkts., 6d.; oz., 9d; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 1/6; lb., 4/-.

PARAMOUNT — A new triple curled rich dark green parsley. Uniform. When thinned plants will grow 12 inches high and 20 inches across. Dense broad fronds and stout stems for bunching. Pkt., 6d.; oz., 9d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 2/-; lb., 5/-.

HALES BEST IS BEST MARKET ROCKMELON

MARROWS and SQUASHES

All the summer squashes and vegetable marrows should be cooked while the outer skin is tender enough to scratch with the finger nail, and should be cooked without peeling or removing seeds.

VEGETABLE MARROW

ITALIAN GREEN STRIPED (Bush) —

Very prolific and one of the best of marrows for cooking while young.

Pkt., 6d.; oz., 1/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 2/-; lb., 6/-.

LONG WHITE (Bush) — Very prolific.

Specially selected strain. Pkt., 6d.;

oz., 1/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 2/3; lb., 6/6.

ZUCCHINI.—A select strain of Italian green bush marrow, fruits 12 inches long, dark green skin, mottled yellow when mature. Flesh thick, sweet and tasty. Pkt., 6d.; oz., 1/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 2/6; lb., 6/6.

EARLY GOLDEN CROOKNECK.—Excellent home garden variety. Skin yellow and warted. Flesh cream and firm. Bush habit of growth. Pkt., 6d.; oz., 1/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 2/6.

SUMMER SQUASH

ACORN.—A new squash of the Fordhook type, 7 inches long, 3 inches thick. Skin green, turning orange when ripe. Pkt., 6d.; oz., 1/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 3/3.

BUSH FORDHOOK — If gathered while still immature, no marrow or squash can approach this for delicious flavour; very prolific. Pkt., 6d.; oz., 1/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 3/3.

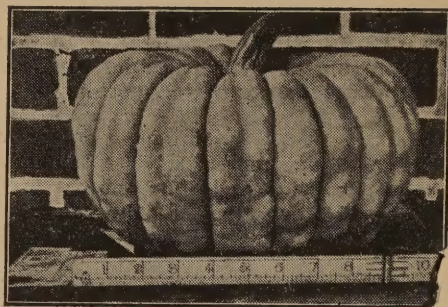
EARLY WHITE BUSH SCALLOPED.—

The very best of this type. Pkt., 6d.; oz., 1/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 2/6; lb., 7/6.

GOLDEN CUSTARD (Bush)—Small flat squashes in profusion. Pkt., 6d.; oz., 1/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 2/6; lb., 7/6.

TABLE PUMPKINS

IDEAL.—A new variety produced by the N.S.W. Department of Agriculture. In shape somewhat resembling the Queensland blue variety. Medium to large pumpkins of excellent quality. The colour of skin is greyish green when mature. Pkt., 6d.; oz., 1/6; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 4/6; lb., 12/6.



Pumpkin Ideal

TRIANGLE — Triangle or Shamrock. Medium-sized pumpkin. Pkt., 6d.; oz., 1/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 3/-; lb., 9/-.

KITCHENETTE HUBBARD — A small glossy green Hubbard growing to about 5 lbs. in weight. Equal in flavour and quality to ordinary Hubbard but matures 10 to 14 days earlier. Recommended for early market crops or home gardens. Pkt., 6d.; oz., 1/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 3/-; lb., 9/-.

QUEENSLAND BLUE — Special stock selected for freedom from "bone." Best procurable and well worth the extra price. Medium sized pumpkin early maturing and good shape for market. Pkt., 6d.; oz., 1/6; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 4/-; lb., 12/6.

HUBBARD SQUASH — Dark green fruits, quick maturing and keeps well. Pkt., 6d.; oz., 1/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ lbs., 3/6; lb., 7/6.

RED or GOLDEN HUBBARD.—Very good. Pkt., 6d.; oz., 1/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 3/-; lb., 9/-.

BANANA. — A fine flavoured winter squash. Pkt., 6d.; oz., 1/3; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 3/-; lb., 9/-.

TROMBONE or RIO GRAMMA — Best of all pie pumpkins. Pkt., 6d.; oz., 1/3; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 3/3; lb., 9/-.

JUMBO or MAMMOTH.—The best large pumpkin for stock feed. Grows to an enormous size. Pkt., 6d.; oz., 1/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 3/-; lb., 9/-.

OUR STRAIN OF QUEENSLAND BLUE IS UNSURPASSED

MUSHROOM SPAWN

This may be planted in autumn and winter, in a cave or dark place where the temperature ranges between 50 and 70 degrees.

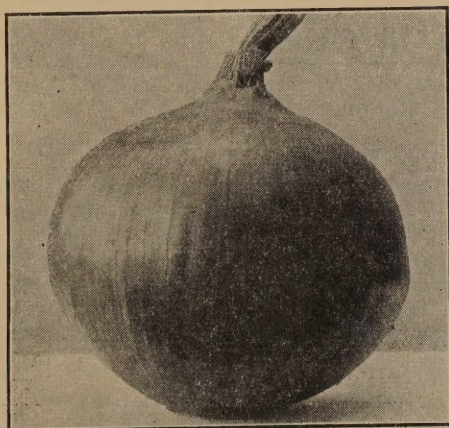
PURE CULTURE SPAWN.—Locally produced spawn of finest quality. Very reliable. Sufficient to spawn a bed of: 10 sq. ft., 3/-, post 4d. extra; 20 sq. ft., 5/-, post 8d. extra. Reduced prices for larger quantities on request. **Circular on mushroom cultivation free with each package of spawn.**

ONIONS

SWEET SPANISH VALENCIA — A mild onion fairly early in maturity and carries fairly well. Becoming popular for market in N.S.W. Pkts., 6d.; oz., 1/6; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 4/6; lb., 12/6.

PRIZETAKER — This onion has done well in all parts of Australia, and in very different classes of soil; for transplanting it is one of the best. It is a very large onion, and frequently measures over 4 inches in diameter. The skin is a beautiful golden brown, and the flesh very solid, crisp, juicy and mild. Pkt., 6d.; oz., 1/6; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 4/6; lb., 12/6.

BROWN SPANISH — The standard keeping onion. Hard to beat for general market purposes, select strain. Matures late in season. Pkt., 6d.; oz., 1/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 2/6; lb., 8/-.



Prizetaker.

CRYSTAL WHITE WAX.—Clear white, very flat, medium, large and early. Should be shipped in crates to prevent damage. Like all of the early white onions it is a poor keeper. Very mild and sweet. Pkt., 6d.; oz., 2/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 6/6; lb., 20/-.

EARLY BARLETTA — Special strain. Recommended in preference to White Pearl and White Queen, which are very similar. In our trials it has proved itself the best early white onion for market. Pkt., 6d.; oz., 1/6; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 4/-; lb., 12/-.

SILVER KING.—A large flat late onion of mild flavour. Pkt., 6d.; oz., 1/6; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 4/-; lb., 12/6.

HUNTER RIVER EARLY BROWN — The best local strain of early brown onion. The extra cost of this seed is well worth while. Price, Pkt., 6d.; oz., 3/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 9/-; lb., 27/6.

HUNTER RIVER WHITE GLOBE — A select strain of this early variety for commercial crops. Pkt., 6d.; oz., 4/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 12/-; lb., 37/-.

"ODOURLESS" — Globe shaped, vivid green leaf strain. A mid-season variety, producing large bulbs suitable for eating raw. Very poor keeper, so should be used quickly after harvest. Pkt., 6d.; oz., 3/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 10/-; lb., 30/-.

SOUTHPORT WHITE GLOBE — The bulbs have a bright paper-white skin, with white flesh. Late maturing and fair keeper. Pkt., 6d.; oz., 2/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 5/6; lb., 16/6.

MULTIPLIER ONIONS

Varieties not generally grown from seeds. Bulbs usually available from February to early Spring.

POTATO ONION — True strain, excellent for cold climates. 1/6 lb., post extra.

ESCHALLOT, SMALL FRENCH.—Small variety, excellent for salads. 1/- lb., post extra.

TREE ONION.—Tops, 1/3 lb., post extra

GARLIC.—Used for flavouring. 1/- lb., post extra.

USE SUPERPHOSPHATE OR BONEDUST FOR GOOD CROP OF ONIONS

PEPPERS (Capsicum)

Pkt., 6d.; oz., 4/-.

CHINESE GIANT — As big as a quart pot; very mild; delicious stuffed.

CALIFORNIA WONDER — Stocky, upright plants, bearing heavy crops of large, broad, deep green fruits, turning bright red when ripe. Flesh is thick and sweet.

LONG RED CAYENNE.—Hot and pungent.

PEANUTS

Pkt., 6d.; post paid.

SMALL SPANISH.—A standard variety; a good cropper, hardy.

VIRGINIAN BUNCH.—Larger and longer pods.

HORSE RADISH

Roots, 6d. each; 4/6 doz.; postage, 3d. each; 1/- doz extra.

RADISHES

Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 1/-; lb., 3/-, each variety.

WHITE ICICLE — Fine long white, maturing 20 to 25 days.

EARLY LONG SCARLET.—(Short Top) Early, crisp and fine flavour.

WHITE CHINESE — These grow to a great size in China and Japan and are cooked like a turnip. Best sown in early autumn.

IMPROVED CHARTIERS — A dainty crimson, long radish, with a white tip, very delicious.

FRENCH BREAKFAST — Olive shaped. Bright rose scarlet, white tipped. Flesh white, firm, crisp, juicy and tender.

SCARLET WONDER.—Popular turnip-rooted variety, all scarlet.

SPARKLER.—Scarlet Turnip, white tipped.

SURPRISE MIXTURE.—A mixture of all sorts, short, long and medium.

ROSELLA

The Rosella is a hot climate plant, much more tender than the tomato. The beautiful red seed bracts are used for making jelly and summer drinks.

EARLY.—New strain which will mature in much shorter season than the old type. Pkt., 6d.; oz., 2/6; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 7/6.

RHUBARB

Pkt., 6d.; oz., 1/6; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 4/3; lb., 12/6.

SYDNEY WINTER. — The wonderful winter growing rhubarb, treated as an annual, sown in February or March, yields all winter in coastal districts, and very early spring in colder parts.

VICTORIA.—The large standard summer rhubarb.

SALSIFY (Oyster Plant)

SANDWICH ISLAND MAMMOTH.—A delicious vegetable grown like parsnip. The boiled roots have a distinct oyster flavour. Pkt., 6d.

SCORZONERA

A root vegetable not unlike Salsify. Perennial. Pkt., 6d.

SWEET POTATO

Very seldom sets seeds, so rooted cuttings are planted.

Strong hardened plants available September to January of following varieties:—H.A.C. Pink (Pink skin yellow flesh); Porto Rico, very early, excellent flavour (flesh bright orange); Strassburg Yellow; Honolulu Bush; Farmers Special; Ashburn. Rooted cuttings. 1/6 doz.; 8/6 100, post paid; 1/- doz.: 7/- 100, freight extra.

TOMATO

Varieties marked F.W.R. are those that are resistant to Fusarium Wilt. This must not be confused with Bronze or Spotted Wilt, as there are no commercial varieties which show much resistance to Bronze Wilt.

EARLY TOMATOES

POTENTATE — A new variety from England. Very heavy cropping, smooth skinned, scarlet fruited variety, slightly larger than Recruit. Pkt., 1/-; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 2/6; oz., 7/6. Supplies limited.

HELVETIA — A red cluster tomato producing fruit of a commercial size, up to two or three inches in diameter. It is an enormous cropper and if the fruit are systematically thinned they reach a fair size. Helvetia has proved not only a good early spring crop, but in the coastal districts it is unsurpassed for autumn planting, and may be put out several weeks later than Earliana and Early Pride class of tomato.

For glasshouse work it equals best English types such as E.S.I. and Kondine Red. Pkt., 6d; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/6; oz., 4/6; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 15/-.

MARVANA.—F.W.R. The vine is similar to Earliana, being rather open and flat. Suggested for North Coast and Queensland. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/-; oz., 3/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 10/-.

BREAK O' DAY, CERTIFIED F.W.R.—An exceptionally fine type for coastal and inland plantings, both for home use and market. Not recommended for Bathurst district or similar tableland positions. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/6; oz., 4/6; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 12/6; lb., 45/-.

BREAK O' DAY — F.W.R. Ordinary. $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 1/-; oz., 3/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 10/-; lb., 30/-.

SUNNYBROOK EARLIANA — An old favourite for early staked crops in coastal areas. Pkt., 6d.; oz., 2/6; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 7/6; lb., 22/6.

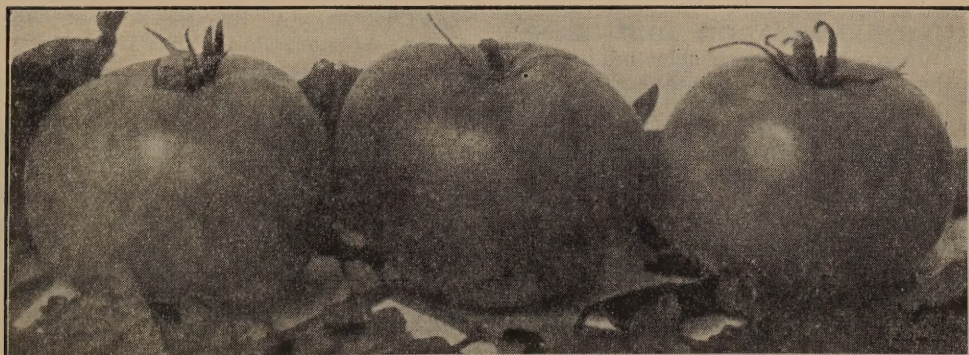
ANTIBES — An early variety from Europe which has shown marked resistance to Bronze Wilt. Worth a trial for this reason alone in districts where Bronze Wilt is troublesome. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/-; oz., 3/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 10/-.

GOVERNMENT CERTIFIED TOMATO SEEDS — We have managed to obtain this season, Government Certified strains of several of the most important varieties. These have been inspected and passed as true to name—free from disease, and harvested under supervision of Government officers.

KEYSTONE, CERTIFIED.—For early unstaked crops. Plants are compact and of determinate habit of growth, and may be planted in rows 3ft. apart, plants 27 inches in the row. Heavy yields of fine quality scarlet fruits. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/6; oz., 4/6.

KEYSTONE — Ordinary, $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/-; oz., 3/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 10/-; lb., 30/-.

AUSTRALIAN EARLIANA.—Strain selected for yield. Quite distinct to our regular Sunnybrook. Recommended for new ground in coastal districts. 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/6; oz., 4/6; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 12/6.



New Tomato—Keystone (Penn State)
PLANT KEYSTONE FOR EARLY UNSTAKED CROPS

Tomatoes—(Continued)—

EARLY PRIDE — A pink Earliana, but better than any Earliana; more even in shape and size. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/-; oz., 3/-; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., 9/-; lb., 27/6.

BURBANK — Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/-; oz., 3/-; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., 10/-.

WALKER'S SELECTED RECRUIT.— Similar type to Helvetia—larger than Bide's Recruit. Most popular for autumn crop, for Sydney market. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/6; oz., 4/6; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., 12/6.

ADELAIDE DWARF or CHINESE.— Popular glasshouse variety. This is the variety that is largely grown in South Australia for the early market. The colour is a bright red. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/6; oz., 4/6; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., 12/6.

SPARKS EARLIANA—Original Earliana type, oz., 2/-; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., 6/-; lb., 18/-.

SECOND EARLY TOMATOES

PRITCHARD, CERTIFIED F.W.R. — Scarlet, medium sized smooth fruits. Vines short jointed and foliage dense. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/6; oz., 4/6; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., 12/6; lb., 45/-.

PRITCHARD — F.W.R. Ordinary. $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/-; oz., 3/-; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., 10/-; lb., 30/-.

BONNY BEST, CERTIFIED. — Early smooth, scarlet, of good size, solid, meaty, and of good flavour. A good cropper. Since we first introduced this tomato in 1915 its popularity has increased every year. It is now one of the most popular market varieties, being the standard sort for Bathurst district. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/6; oz., 4/6; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., 12/6; lb., 45/-.

BONNY BEST — Ordinary. Oz., 2/6; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., 8/-; lb., 25/-.

CHALK'S EARLY JEWEL — Pkt., 6d.; oz., 2/6; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., 8/-; lb., 25/-.

BURWOOD PRIZE — Pkt., 6d.; oz., 2/6; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., 8/-; lb., 25/-.

AUSTRALIAN LARGE RED.—Smooth. Our strain has been selected for freedom from excess roughness of shape usually associated with this variety. Sets well under cooler conditions than many other varieties. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/6; oz., 4/6; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., 12/6.

MAIN-CROP TOMATOES

RUTGER'S CERTIFIED — F.W.R. — A new variety from the U.S.A., noted for its high colour and delicious flavour.

Globe shaped, thick and fleshy. Scarlet fruited, ripening from inside first, when red outside it is coloured right through. Second early to main crop in maturing and recommended for trial on coast and tablelands. Pkt., 6d.; oz., 4/6; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., 12/6; lb., 37/6.

MARHIO or MARVELLOUS F.W.R.— Very popular in places where a pink fruited tomato is favoured. The fruit are medium sized, firm and fleshy. True Marhio is a pink fruited variety and may be described as a pink Marglobe. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/-; oz., 3/-; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., 10/-; lb., 30/-.

RED MARHIO, F.W.R. — Somewhat similar to Break o' Day. Fruits are medium sized, mostly globe shaped, and have a scarlet skin with a slight pinkish tinge at certain stages of ripeness. Specially recommended for coastal plantings and for trial in other districts. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/6; oz., 4/6; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., 12/6; lb., 45/-.

COLOSSAL.—Is a large, red tomato, Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/3; oz., 3/6.

MARGLOBE, CERTIFIED F.W.R.—A main crop scarlet, smooth, solid and globe shaped. A very fine variety for market. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/6; oz., 4/6; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., 12/6; lb., 45/-.

MARGLOBE — Ordinary. Oz., 2/6; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., 8/-; lb., 25/-.

MATCHLESS — This is the largest and best of the late red tomatoes. It is a heavy cropper, and a good market variety, ripening very evenly if picked when commencing to change colour. Specimens frequently reach 12 to 18 ounces in weight. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/-; oz., 3/-; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., 10/-; lb., 30/-.

PONDEROSA.—Very large rough variety. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/3; oz., 3/6; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., 11/6.

LIVINGSTON'S STONE — Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/-; oz., 3/-; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., 10/-; lb., 30/-.

BURPEE'S DWARF GIANT — Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/9; oz., 5/-; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., 15/-.

OXHEART — Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/9; oz., 5/-.

NORTON — F.W.R. Wilt resisting strain of stone or matchless. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/-; oz., 3/-; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., 10/-; lb., 30/-.

LIVINGSTON'S GOLDEN QUEEN — Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/-; oz., 3/-.

SEE PAGE 51 FOR BULK PRICES

Tomatoes—(Continued)—**LARGE FRUITED KINDS, MIXED —**

For home gardeners wanting a variety for small areas or for suburban seedling growers. Pkt., 6d.; oz., 2/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 6/-; lb., 18/-.

SAN MARZANO.—New egg shaped tomato, popular with canners because of high colour retained when processed. Does not appear to be as disease resisting as King Humbert. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 1/9; oz., 5/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 15/-.

SMALL FRUITED MIXED.—A mixture of various small fruited kinds such as cherry, egg-shaped and pear-shaped tomatoes, red and yellow. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 1/3.

KING HUMBERT.—Immense bunches of prune-shaped fruit. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 1/-; oz., 3/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 10/-.

SWEDE TURNIPS

LAING'S GARDEN SWEDE — Best and sweetest. A small swede for home use. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 1/-; lb., 2/6.

DANISH BANGHOLM — The best flavoured and most nutritious of the swedes, purple top. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 1/-; lb., 2/6.

CHAMPION OR IMPERIAL PURPLE TOP — Yellow flesh, good quality. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 1/-; lb., 2/6.

BATLOW CHAMPION — A special selection of Champion Purple Top. Even, heavy producing type. Pkt., 6d.; oz., 9d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 1/6; lb., 4/6.

TURNIPS

Pkt., 6d.; oz., 9d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 1/3; lb., 3/6.

WHITE STONE — Good early sort.

JERSEY LILY or SNOWBALL — Perfectly round, snow-white, and very early.

ORANGE JELLY — The best of all this class turnip, flesh yellow, and not strong flavoured.

Vine Fruit**PASSION FRUIT****COMMON PASSION** (*Passiflora edulis*).

The passion fruit has become a very important commercial crop. As a money-maker the common passion planted out in frost-free localities, in late spring, for a winter crop is unrivalled. Our seed stock is the best available for this purpose.

—Pkt., 6d.; oz., 1/6; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 4/6; lb., 12/6.

Plants (from open ground), 6d. each; 3 for 1/-; 2/- doz.; 10/- 100; 70/- 1000; freight extra.

BANANA PASSION (*Tacsonia molli-*

sima).—This fine popular fruiting vine produces large crops of white fruit, that are greatly in demand for fruit salads. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 2/-.

Plants (pot grown), 1/- each; 11/- doz. Post. extra.

STRAWBERRY SEED

It is not always easy to get a good germination of strawberry seed. Sow on surface of fine soil in spring, cover lightly and keep evenly moist.

We have seed in stock of the following varieties.

All 1/- packet, post paid.

Large Fruited, Mixed.

Alpine Bush, Red; Alpine Bush, White.

THE CHOKO

For mild climates only. This fruit is as easy to grow as a cucumber, and is used for many culinary purposes. May to August. 6d. each, 5/- dozen. Freight or postage extra. Packing and postage on one, 1/-.

BATLOW CHAMPION IS THE BEST SWEDE

Potatoes

Lawn Grasses and Farm Seeds

Where prices are given, they are **freight or postage extra**. For rates, see page 7. Owing to constantly fluctuating prices for farm seeds, we cannot quote prices, except for a few special lines.

We shall always be pleased to quote customers current rates by return mail. Our quotes include bags, but not freight.

SOMETHING SPECIAL IN SEED POTATOES

We have again made special arrangements to procure our stocks from crops free from diseases and of high average yield. It is to your advantage to procure the best. As supplies will be limited, order should be booked early to avoid disappointment. **Katahdin, Factors** (synonymous with **Up-To-Date**), **Early Rose, Manistee** and **Satisfaction**. Available from June. Factors in May.

LAWN GRASSES

6-lb. Seed required per 100 square yards.

We can supply heavily re-cleaned seeds specially for lawn as follows:

Lawn Couch—2/- lb.

Couch Grass Roots—12/6 sack.

Buffalo Grass (Roots only)—2/6 100; 17/6 1,000.

Kikuyu Grass (Roots only)—3/6 100; 25/- 1,000.

Agrostis tenuis—Creeping Bent grass.

SUDAN GRASS

Ideal summer green feed for poultry.

MAIZE

Varieties.

SORGHUM

Saccharine, Early Orange.

PEAS AND BEANS

Cow, Pea, Black; Soy Beans.

HUNTER RIVER LUCERNE

BEST BROADLEAF GIANT

This is by far the most valuable fodder plant we have and should be grown everywhere. It requires lime and plenty of water to succeed. In fact, in few parts of Australia is there sufficient water from annual rainfall to get the best results this plant is capable of.

MILLET

Japanese. For quick green feed.

SUNFLOWER

LARGE RUSSIAN.—Grown for birds, 1/- lb.

TAGOSASTE

The so-called tree lucerne, 1lb., 1/6.

ASK FOR SEED POTATO QUOTE IN MAY.

Seedlings

We always advise gardeners to grow their own seedlings, as it is generally more satisfactory to have plants on hand so as to take advantage of favourable planting weather.

Because of risk of loss in transit and unsatisfactory condition in which tender vegetable and flower seedlings frequently arrive at their destination, we prefer not to send these to country growers.

For those who wish to take the risk we usually have available in season plants of the hardier vegetables and seasonable flower plants and we shall always be pleased to quote for them when available.

RAISING SEEDLINGS.

During late autumn, winter or spring, seed pans, or boxes generally give good results, but during the warmer part of the year we have found that it is much easier to keep an even moisture when a seed bed is used, as pots or boxes dry out very readily.

If a glasshouse or proper frame is not available, a rough frame may be made by boarding up the edges of a sheltered bed. This can then be covered with a hessian blind, which may be rolled up during favourable weather.

Select a light friable soil containing about two-thirds good loam and one-third leaf mould, to which add a good sprinkling of sharp sand and sieve through quarter-inch mesh. Make sure drainage is good either in boxes or seed beds (these can be banked up for better drainage).

Soil at sowing time should be quite moist, but never wet, and make sure surface is level.

Seed should be scattered lightly and evenly over the surface or in drills, and covered with very fine soil. Pots or boxes may be covered with a sheet of glass and then shaded with brown paper until seeds germinate, when paper should be removed and glass lifted to admit air. Water sparingly and from the bottom of the pot where possible. When seedlings are large enough to handle, prick off into boxes or beds of good soil, spacing the plants 1 to 3 inches apart. If sown thinly in drills in seed beds good strong plants may be obtained by thinning to save double handling.

There are however, advantages in double handling which must not be overlooked: Plants which have been pricked out are usually sturdier, and risk of loss is less when planting out in dry weather, as a good clump of soil can be moved with each plant causing less disturbance of the root system.

Many flowering plants will do better sown in the garden where they are required to grow. Most of these are ones which produce seeds freely, and therefore being cheaper in price, may be sown freely to ensure an even stand. Soil should be in a nice moist condition but not wet. After breaking up with a spade or fork it should be well raked to produce a compact fine seed bed.

Seeds may be sown in shallow drills or in groups of 4 or 5 seeds six to twelve inches apart according to variety. Cover seed lightly about $\frac{1}{4}$ -inch for fine seeds, slightly deeper for larger seeds. Firm soil over seeds and mulch lightly with some well rotted manure, rotted tan-bark or sieved compost. If weather is dry, water when necessary. When plants are about 2 inches high, thin out to desired spaces and water well in case any roots have been disturbed during thinning operations.

We have found finely powdered Peat Moss one of the best materials for covering seeds or mulching seed beds. The number of plants lost due to "damping off" diseases seems to be less than when soil or manure is used.

META FUEL IS BEST BAIT FOR SLUGS

When to Sow Flower Seeds

It is very difficult to state any definite dates for seed sowing as these vary according to districts and localities. Seasonal conditions are also so variable in most parts of Australia that considerable judgment has to be exercised in determining just the best time to sow each year.

To help beginners who have not had experience in their own locality we give the following climatic divisions. Different localities in these divisions or districts may vary considerably so experience of local gardeners is always a great help.

Coastal Districts (where oranges thrive).—Most parts of the County of Cumberland are typical of this division. Generally free from or only light frosts experienced.

(See also Sowing Calendar on page 8)

Mountain Districts (where English fruits thrive).—Severe frosts are experienced in winter and summer temperature is mild.

Inland Districts.—Usually hot summers and cold winters.

Tropical (where tropical fruits thrive).—Districts free from frost with frequently heavy autumn rainfall.

In flower seed list in this catalogue letters after name of flower represent the following classes of plants and we hope suggestions made may help those intending to sow.

H.A.—Hardy Annual: In coastal districts autumn sowing generally gives best results but some may also be sown in July and August. Sow after rains in tropical districts. In mountain districts sow in spring or summer. Early autumn inland.

H.P.—Hardy Perennial: Most kinds are best sown in late summer or early autumn but others do best from spring sowing in coastal districts. Spring or summer in tableland districts. Late summer inland. In tropics many cool climate hardy perennials will not thrive.

T.P.—Tender Perennial: Plants for bush-house or verandah culture and susceptible to frost. Sow in spring. Not recommended for cold districts except under glass.

H.H.A.—Half Hardy Annual: Susceptible to frost injury but will grow in open garden in summer. Sow after frost danger is over in spring when soil is getting warm or under cover for early planting. In tropical districts sow after autumn rains.

T.A.—Tender Annual: Must be grown in the warm part of the year in all but tropical areas. Sow October or November in mountains. Late September to December on the coast and inland.

H.B.—Hardy Biennial: These plants frequently take two seasons to bloom from sowing. Treat same as hardy perennials.

Herb. P.—Herbaceous Perennial: Plants which die down to the ground each winter, coming up from crown again in spring. Sow late summer or early autumn on coast and inland. Earlier in summer in tableland districts.

LOCAL EXPERIENCE IS HELPFUL

Flower Seeds

LEAFLET ON HOW TO RAISE SEEDLINGS ON REQUEST

We shall be pleased to quote Special Rates
for larger quantities than listed.

Abronia, H.P. (Trailer).

Verbena-like flowers, sweet scented. Sometimes called "Sand verbena." Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/.

Acroclinium, H.A.

Double Mixed—Mainly pink and white "Everlasting" flowers on plants growing to 15 inches. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/.

Ageratum, H.P. (Border Plant).

Blue Cap—Very dwarf compact dome-shaped plants covered for a greater part of the year with dense heads of rich blue flowers. Grows 8 inches high. Ideal for bedding. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 2/6; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 4/6.
Mexicanum Tall Blue—Showy plants growing up to two feet in height, with clusters of bright blue flowers. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/; oz., 2/6.

Amaranthus, T.A. (Foliage Plant).

Coleus Leaved—Very brilliant colours. Pkt., 3d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/.

Combustion—The latest and most showy of all the Amaranthus tribe, with iridescent fiery rosy crimson foliage. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 4/.

Alyssum, H. A. (Sweet Alice).

Little Gem—Bedding Plant, white, fragrant. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/.

Lilac Queen—Beautiful soft lilac flowers changing to white as they age. A free and continuous bloomer of trailing habit. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/6; oz., 4/6.

Compact Yellow—Fine for edging. Perennial. Pkt. 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/.

Arctotis, H.A.

Scapigera Mixed—Large blooms of this African Daisy in many bright colours. Pkt., 6d.; 1-8oz., 4/.

Balsam, T.A. (Ladies' Slipper).

Defiance—The finest strain of large double flowers. Good for borders or verandah plants. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/; oz., 2/6.

Begonia, T.P.

Semperflorens Lightning—A new bedding Begonia of merit. Deep blood red buds, flowers opening deep carmine scarlet. Pkt., 1/.

Tuberous Rooted Double Mixed—An excellent strain of this superb flower. Pkt., 1/6.

Boronia, H.P. (Scented).

Megastigma—The well-known Brown Scented Boronia, sometimes called "Melbourne Boronia" though it is a W. Australian native. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 4/3; 1oz., 12/6.

Browallia demissa

A useful bedding plant, carrying freely a fine head of deep sky-blue flowers. Stands hot weather well. Pkt., 6d.; 1-8oz., 1/6; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 6/.

Carnations, H.P.

The giant ever-blooming Carnations are unexcelled for bedding where a bright show is desired at a minimum of cost. Best treated as annuals but may be grown on for several years.

Enfant de Nice—The result of crossing Improved Chabaud and Perpetual varieties. This is the last word in annual carnations. Many flowers are 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ inches across and about 90 per cent. are doubles. Pkt., 1/; 1-16 oz., 2/; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 3/6; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 6/6.

Chabaud Giant Improved—A new carnation of the marguerite type, coming into bloom 6 months from seed and producing very large flowers highly clove scented. About 90 per cent. of the flowers come double. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/6; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 2/6; oz., 7/6.



CHABAUD GIANT IMPROVED

CARNATIONS ARE GOOD FOR CUTTING

Antirrhinum (Snapdragons)

See Colour Plate, Inside Cover

Another Rumsey Speciality

December sowings produce best quality spikes. Roots become well established before winter, resulting in high quality blooms in early winter and again in spring. They may be sown up to early March for quality spring blooms. Spring sowings are seldom as satisfactory. First flowers are usually rather short from spring sowings, but length of stem will improve in the following autumn.

Present demand is mainly for bright rose, terra cotta and apricot shades with smaller quantities of yellow, deep reds and white.

Varieties showing resistance to rust (*Puccinia*) are marked R.R. These are all of the new base-branching type, producing from 8 to 18 long, graceful spikes per plant. Flowers are larger and better spaced than non-resistant types.



GIANT MIXED

TALL LARGE-FLOWERING GIANTS.

Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/6; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 2/9; oz., 8/6.

A magnificent strain of this very useful flower. The spikes of bloom are tall and the immense florets are set closely together. The colours are vivid and very varied.

Pink Shades R.R.—A new range of popular shades for cutting and annual borders. Light to deep shades.

Copper Shades, R.R.—A group of tango and wallflower shades, excellent for cutting.

Campfire, R.R.—A new bright luminous scarlet with yellow lip.

Sunnybrook.—The most popular giant tango shade in cultivation. Light coppery bronze shaded salmon.

Fordhook Rose.—Clear rose pink. Most popular cutting variety.

Apple Blossom, R.R.—Delicate pink.

Alaska, R.R.—A beautiful white of good form and colour. **Fireflame.**—Fiery Red, suffused orange scarlet. **Canary Bird, R.R.**, very showy bright yellow; **Orchid**, mauve-pink; **Ruby**, glowing deep red; **Wallflower**, rich coppery crimson and yellow.

Fairy Charm.—Striped and splashed.

Giant Mixture.—A blend of the best colours.

Rust-Resisting Mixed.—Good range of popular colours.

COLLECTION OF TALL LARGE-FLOWERING GIANTS

1Pkt. of each 12 kinds for 4/-.

MAJESTIC SEMI-TALL

Pkt., 6d.; 1-16 oz., 2/-; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 3/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 5/-; oz., 15/-.

These produce giant flowers on half dwarf stems. For florists' work they are unexcelled.

Avalanche.—A welcome addition to this wonderful class of snapdragons. Clear white, of wonderful size and form.

Dawn o' Day.—Large flowers placed compactly on stems. Open a light rose pink changing quickly to a pure apricot, slightly suffused gold towards the centre. Make a charming colour effect when planted in masses in beds or borders.

Eldorado.—Beautiful golden yellow. Excellent for cutting or garden.

Red Chief.—Large sized scintillating deep scarlet crimson blooms. Keeps colour well.

Evensong.—Dense shapely spikes of a charming combination of chamois pink, apricot and buff.

Rose Marie.—A new salmon rose shade. First class for cutting.

DO NOT SOW FINE SEEDS DEEPLY

ANTIRRHINUM—(Contd.)

Rosella.—Magnificent spikes of well formed blooms of a beautiful rose shade. Enormous individual blooms of exceptional charm. **Sunset**, shades from bright terra-cotta to lovely salmon. **Orange King**, a lovely blend of rich terra-cotta shades. **Majestic Mixed**. A blend of all of above varieties.

MAJESTIC COLLECTION

1 Pkt. of each 9 colours for 3/6.

DWARF VARIETIES

Dwarf Mixed.—Compact habit, brilliant flowers. Good for bedding and rock gardens. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 2/6; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 4/6.

INTERMEDIATE VARIETIES.

These improved strains grow plenty tall enough for cut-flower work. They are also excellent for bedding. Pkt., 6d.; 1-16 oz., 2/-; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 3/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 5/-, except where stated.

White Rock.—An immense flower of exquisite texture, pure white. The best white antirrhinum in cultivation. Early.

Winter Helen.—One of the finest new snapdragons introduced for many years. Charming salmon pink and early flowering.

Cheviot Maid Supreme.—Deep rose pink, long flower spikes of particular merit.

Lemon Queen.—Large spikes of well formed yellow or primrose flowers, makes a wonderful show.

Ruddy Glow.—Glowing orange scarlet blooms of great size and quality. Very compact growth.

Orlando.—Large spikes of large rich bronze blooms. Impressive, popular and desirable shade.

Nelrose.—Fine rose pink shade, excellent for cutting. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/6; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 2/6.

Half Dwarf—Fancy Mixed.—The half-dwarf varieties are about the best for bedding and bordering purposes, and produce stems of flowers long enough for cutting, though not as large as the giant varieties. A blend of the above varieties. Pkt., 6d.; 1-16oz., 2/-; 1-8oz., 3/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 5/-.

Half Dwarf—Mixed.—A popular low-priced mixture containing many glorious colours. Pkt., 3d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/6; oz., 4/6.

Coreopsis

Grandiflora—Double Sunburst.—Quite an improvement on the old single Coreopsis. Nice shade of pure yellow flowers. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 inches across. Last well in water. Perennial. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 2/6. **Tinctoria**—Mixture of brown, yellow and mahogany shades. Very free blooming single flowers. Annual. Pkt., 3d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/-.

Calendula, H.A. (English Marigold).

Orange Shaggy.—Entirely distinct. Beautifully fringed, long narrow petals. Flowers large and flat of rich orange colour shading towards the centre. Pkt., 6d.; oz., 1/6.

Art Shades.—Contains a great range of picotees, orange, cream and apricot shades. Pkt., 6d.; oz., 1/6.

Orange Sunshine.—A particularly fine acquisition. Beautiful orange shades of the "sunshine" type. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 3/-.

Chrysantho or Sunshine.—Large bright golden yellow flowers, petals somewhat resembling chrysanthemum. Pkt., 6d.; oz., 1/6.

Campfire Select.—Brilliant orange with crimson or scarlet sheen. Pkt., 6d.; oz., 1/6.

Radio.—Quilled petals—quite a novelty, deep orange in colour. Pkt., 6d.; oz., 1/6.

Orange King.—Special Florists' strain. Rich orange flowers, fully double, well rounded. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/-; oz., 2/6.

Double Special Mixed.—A mixture of all the best types and colours. Pkt., 3d.; oz., 1/-.

Candytuft, H.A.

Giant Hyacinth Flowered.—Magnificent spikes of pure white flowers. Pkt., 3d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/-; oz., 2/6.

Umbellata.—Fine type, excellent for bedding and cutting. Available in colours, carmine, dark crimson, flesh, lilac, rose cardinal, white. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 9d.; oz., 2/-.

Umbellata Mixed.—A blend of the above separate colours. Pkt., 3d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 9d.; oz., 2/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 6/-.



CALENDULA—ORANGE SHAGGY

CANDYTUFT SELLS WELL IN MIXED BUNCHES

ASTERS

Asters are one of our specialities. Our strains are found on the show benches throughout the Commonwealth; for size and quality of bloom there are none better.

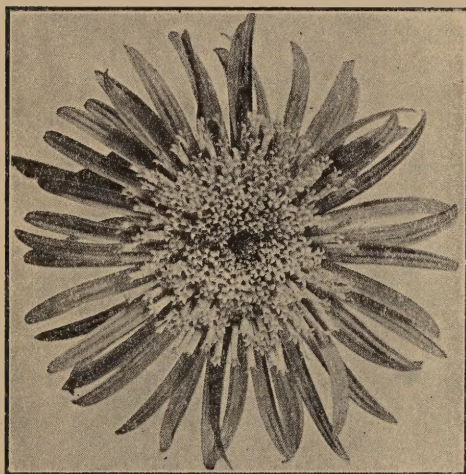
We are proud of the increasing number of commercial growers who appreciate the superiority of our strains. These are specially grown for us by a leading Californian grower. There are plenty of cheaper strains, but none better.

Sow Aster seeds as soon as frost danger is over and in mild climates up to December. It is harder to germinate Aster seeds in midsummer when soil is hot than during mild spring weather. Plant out in fairly rich well-drained soil and water regularly.

ASTER WILT.—Varieties marked (F.W.R.) have been grown from Fusarium wilt-resisting stock.

Giant California Sunshine Mixed.—

The colour in these new Asters is startlingly beautiful. A dual-tone effect is obtained through the contrasting tints of the disc-like centre and the outer or guard petals. Gracefulness of form is a distinguishing characteristic. The full centres of tubular, bifurcate petals surround the centre, creating an airy, lace-like effect, which is altogether charming. In colour the flowers may be described as varying shades of Enchantress-pink. Apple-blossom, Deep-rose, Blue and Lavender, but the disc, sometimes light yellow, sometimes blue, brings additional variety in tint. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 4/-; oz., 12/-.



CALIFORNIAN SUNSHINE.

Early Royal—F.W.R.—A particularly early, large blooming type, producing well rounded double flowers on long stems. Branching plants grow to 2 ft. high Broad petals curl gracefully inward. Recommended for very early

or very late sowings. Offered in two popular cut flower shades. Deep rose and Purple. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 2/-; 1 oz., 6/-.

Super Giant El Monte.—Large blooms with beautifully curled and interlaced petals. Flowers are crimson and borne on long strong stems. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 4/-; oz., 12/-.



CREGO & CALIFORNIAN GIANT TYPE BLOOM

Improved Californian Giants (Curled and interlaced, special strain).—This is an extra robust strain. It is noted for its immense flowers on long stems. The colours offered are peach blossom, deep rose, light blue, white, dark purple, light purple, and Mixed. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 3/6.; oz., 10/6.

CALIFORNIA GIANT COLLECTION
1 Packet each of Six Separate Colours
for 2/6.

GROW CALIFORNIA GIANTS FOR SIZE

ASTER (Contd.)

Super Giant Los Angeles.—Enormous blooms of the Californian Giant type, but larger and earlier. Flowers are a pure shell pink. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 3/6; oz., 10/6.

NEW PINK ASTER

Crego Giant Enchantress
F.W.R.

A fascinating new shade of salmon rose, excellent for cutting. All growers of asters for sale should make a small sowing.

Pkt., 1/-; 1-16oz., 2/6; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 4/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 7/6.

Crego Giant, F.W.R.—Good for early sowings. Very vigorous, producing large blooms on long stems. Crego flowers keep well, and are very fine for table decorations. The petals are curled and twisted like chrysanthemums. The colours are: Shell pink, rose, blue flame, white, purple, crimson. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 2/-; oz., 6/-.

Choice Mixed.—Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/9; oz., 5/-.

CREGO COLLECTION

1 Packet each of Six Separate Colours
for 2/-.

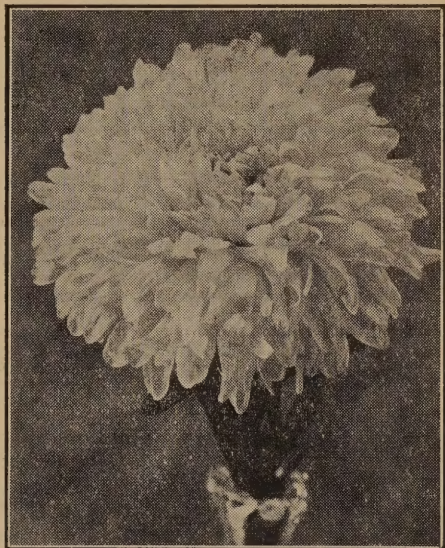
American Beauty, F.W.R. (Extra special strain).—Distinct type, they are more dahlia-like in form, and make a fine rounded bush from 2½ to 3 feet in diameter. They are, most of them, much later than other varieties of aster, and come into bloom after the others have finished. The wonderfully fine blooms are carried on strong stems, making them invaluable for cut flowers. The colours are: Deep rose, purple, shell pink, white, azure, crimson, and Mixed. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 2/6; oz., 7/6.

AMERICAN BEAUTY COLLECTION

1 Packet each of Six Separate Colours
for 2/-.

American Late Branching, F.W.R.—A splendid upright growing type, 2 to 3 feet tall, branching freely, forming fully double large round blooms, almost globular. Very fine for cutting. The colours are: Azure, crimson, deep rose, shell pink, purple, scarlet, white, and Mixed. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 2/-; oz., 6/-.

Heart of France (New Wilt-Resisting Strain).—A ruby-red aster, flowers of excellent size and perfect formation. Flowering on long and strong stems. Plant two feet high. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 4/-; oz., 12/-.



EARLY ROYAL & LATE BRANCHING
TYPE BLOOM



AMERICAN BEAUTY TYPE BLOOM

ROSE SHADES SELL BEST

Campanula, H.B. (Canterbury Bells).

Annual Mixed.—Blooms from seed in less than six months. A great acquisition for warm climate conditions. Plants are hardy and can be grown at almost any time of the year. Mixture includes dark blue, light blue, pink, rose, and white. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 2/.

NEW CELOSIA
Flame of Fire

Pyramidal plants branching out into candelabra shape, each branch topped with a large almost round, fiery scarlet flower head of coral-like structure. Grow to 18 ins. Fine for cutting.

Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 3/6; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 6/6.

Celosia, T.A.

Fire Feather.—One of the finest dwarf bedding plants for summer introduced for many years. Compact plants producing 15 to 20 silky plumed heads of dazzling crimson. Good for pots, window boxes or bedding. Pkt., 6d.; 1-16oz., 2/6; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 4/6.

Golden Feather.—A deep yellow flowered form of above. Pkt., 6d.; 1-16oz., 2/6; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 4/6.

Magnificent.—Each branch or stem of this beautiful shrub is tipped with a pointed head of richly coloured bloom which later develops into a loose, plumed head of the most brilliant colours; shades of orange and yellow, pink, scarlet and crimson. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/6.

Childsii or Chinese Woolflower.—Beautiful ball-like heads of flower produced in profusion. Pink, crimson and yellow mixed. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/6.

Magnifica Cristata.—Immense velvety heads, very suitable for borders. Cockscomb type. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 2/.

Centaurea, H.A.

Sow where required; do not transplant.

Imperialis.—Beautiful for cut flowers; plants three feet high. Graceful and beautiful. Fine mixture. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/.

Americana.—Unique, thistle-like flowers, light lilac colour; very desirable for table decorations. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/.

Cyanus (Corn Flower) Double Blue Boy.—Pkt., 3d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/; oz., 2/6.

Double Mixed. 3d.; oz., 1/.

Chrysanthemum, H.A. and H.P.

The results of growing the double Chinese and Japanese Chrysanthemum from seed are usually so poor that we advise customers to purchase plants of named sorts.

The following varieties, however, give good results from seed:

Tricolour, Annual.—Single "Painted Daisies." Pkt., 3d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/.

Maximum (Shasta Daisy).—Perennial plants, bearing large white flowers. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/6.

Coleus, T.A.

These also do as well in the garden, especially during summer, but as pot and house plants they may be grown indoors or on sheltered verandahs during the winter.

Fine Mixed.—Various colours. Pkt., 6d.; 1-16 oz., 2/6.

Fancy Fringed.—Beautiful large leaves, cut and fringed on the borders. Pkt., 1/.

Cosmos, H. H. A.

Early Golden.—An early golden orange cosmos coming into bloom in 3 months from seed. May be sown in January or February in coastal districts for Autumn blooms. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 2/6.

Early Double Crown.—The flowers come in all types of doubles and semi-doubles, some like miniature dahlias, others like asters, and any of them forming the daintiest decorative flowers imaginable. Some of the best of these set so few seeds that it is almost impossible to reproduce them in quantities sufficient to offer separately. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 2/6.

Dahlla (Perennial Root).

Sow in spring. As dahlias very seldom come true from seeds, the following varieties indicate the types from which seeds are saved. The resulting blooms will usually show a good deal of variation from parent types, and are, therefore, more interesting. Most of them will bloom the first year from seeds, but may show a marked improvement if bulbs are saved for the second year.

Charm Mixed.—A fine mixture saved from best blooms of the Charm varieties. Pkt., 1/; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 4/; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 7/6.

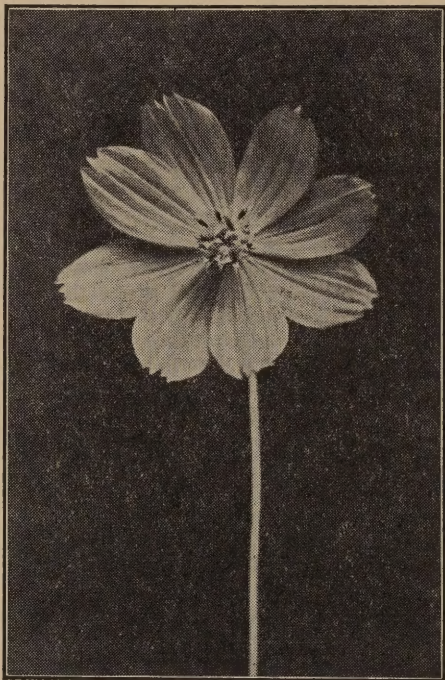
Decorative Mixed.—Choice strain; best types. Pkt., 1/; 1-16 oz., 3/; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 5/.

Pom Pom.—Small, neat, double flowered.

Pkt., 1/; 1-16oz., 3/; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 5/.

Boronia Mixed.—All types in mixture.

Pkt., 6d.; 1-16oz., 1/9; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 3/; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 5/6.



COSMOS EARLY GOLDEN

Diascia Barbarae, H.P.

A lovely dwarf plant with flower spikes 12 to 18 inches high. Rose pink blossoms with tint of salmon. Yellow throat dotted with apple green. Pkt., 1/; 1-16 oz., 2/6.

Daisy (see Bellis Perennis).

DAHLIAS FROM SEED ARE INTERESTING

Delphinium, H.P. (Perennial Larkspur).

Extreme care must be taken with germination moisture, or failure will result.

As delphinium seed frequently loses viability it is advisable to sow within three or four months of new seed being available.

Belladonna Improved.—The best clear, light blue delphinium for florists' work. Large flowered and strong grower. Grows to 5ft. tall. Pkt., 1/6; ½oz., 5/-. New seed September.

Belladonna.—True ordinary strain. New seed, September. Pkt., 6d.; ½oz., 1/6; ¼oz., 2/9; oz., 8/6.

Bellamosum.—Tall Dark Blue. Pkt., 6d.; ½oz., 1/6; ¼oz., 2/9; oz., 8/6. New seed September.

Gold Medal Mixture.—A splendid assortment, including the fine indigo blues, as well as the lighter colours. Absolutely the best of the Blackmore and Langdon and Kelway types. Enormous spikes on tall stems. New seed September and March. Pkt., 6d.; ½oz., 2/6; oz., 7/6.

Chinensis—Cambridge Blue.—A new clear, belladonna blue flowered variety, growing to about 3ft. Pkt., 1/-; ½oz., 3/-; ¼oz., 5/-.

Chinensis—Blue Butterfly Improved.—Dark blue dwarf variety, 1ft. Pkt., 6d.; ½oz., 3/-.

Chinensis—Azure Fairy, dwarf light blue, 1ft. Pkt., 6d.; ½oz., 3/-.

Chinensis—Tall Dark Blue, 3ft. Pkt., 6d.; ½oz., 1/6; oz., 4/6.

New seed of Chinensis types ready December.

Dianthus, H.A. and P. (Pinks).

Some of the old favourite pinks have been improved, and new ones added to the list, making a wonderful variety of these deliciously scented flowers.

Highland Hybrids Mixed.—Large single flowers in crimson, salmon, rose, pink and white, beautifully marked and zoned. Grows 18 inches. Excellent for bedding. Pkt., 6d.; ½oz., 2/6.

Rock Garden Mixed (Rare Species).—A wonderful mixture for rock gardens including *D. caucasicus*, *D. collinus*, *D. arenarius*, *D. sequieri*, *D. Grisebachii*, *D. orbelicus*, *D. rupicola* and many other rare species. Pkt., 1/-; 1.16oz., 3/-.

Allwoodii.—A recent English introduction of perennial double carnation-like dianthus, that blooms right through the season. All the flowers, which are of many colours, are deliciously scented. Pkt., 1/-.

Laciniatus—Double Mixed.—Deeply fringed petals, two or three inches across; blotched and fringed. Pkt., 3d.; ½oz., 1/-.

Fordhook Favourites.—An American selection of the largest and best single and double flowers. Pkt., 3d.; ½oz., 1/-.

Didiscus (Blue Lace Flower), H.H.A.

Coeruleus.—A native of Western Australia. Very dainty. Pkt., 6d.; ½oz., 2/6.

Eschscholtzia (California Poppy).

Sunset Mixture.—A blend of all the most recent colours and shades, including orange-king, rose cardinal, scarlet and yellow, yellow and orange-red, primrose and pure white. Beautiful new colours. Pkt., 6d.; ½oz., 1/-.

Gaillardia, H.A. & H.P. (Blanket Flower).

Portola Hybrids.—Grandiflora or perennial type, golden yellow, marked with rich scarlet. Strong growth; free flowering. Pkt., 6d.; ½oz., 1/6; oz., 4/6.

Picta Lorenziana—Large, gay-coloured double flowers Annual type. Pkt., 3d.; ½oz., 1/-; oz., 2/6.

Geranium, H.P. (See Pelargonium).**Godetia, H.A.**

Tall Double.—Double azalea-like flowers on long stems, excellent for cutting. Carmine, soft pink carmine blotched; cherry red; flesh pink; crimson; mauve; rosy morn and mixed. Pkt., 6d.; ½oz., 1/-; oz., 3/-.

Sybil Sherwood.—Single, grows to about 20 inches. salmon pink; tinted orange, white edges. Pkt., 6d.; ½oz., 2/-; oz., 6/-.

Kelvedon Glory.—Single upright type producing large blooms of a very vivid salmon orange shade. Pkt., 6d.; ½oz., 1/9; ¼oz., 3/-.

NEW GODETIA**Double Sybil Sherwood**

Beautiful double form of this popular shade.
1/6 trial packet only.

Gladiolus (Hardy Bulb).

Fordhook Hybrids.—A most glorious collection of these beautiful flowers. We have flowered them in four months, from seed; most of the seedlings flower the first year, but the blooms improve in the second year. We could occupy a whole page in describing these flowers without doing full justice to them. Pkt., 6d.; ½oz., 1/6; oz., 4/6; ¼lb., 12/6.

Gypsophylla, H.A. (Baby's Breath).

Elegans Rose.—Pkt., 3d.; oz., 1/3.

Elegans—Covent Garden.—Sprays of wee, white flowers used for making up bunches of sweet peas and other flowers. Pkt., 3d.; oz., 1/-; ¼lb., 2/-; lb., 6/-.

Helianthus (Sunflower). H.H.A.

New Red—Chestnut red, tipped with yellow. Pkt., 3d.; ½oz., 9d.

Chrysanthemum Flowered.—Perfectly double. Pkt., 3d.; ½oz., 9d.

Miniature.—Useful for cut flowers. Pkt., 3d.; ½oz., 9d.

Large Russian.—Pkt., 3d. For large lots, see Farm Seeds.

Helichrysum, H.A. (Everlasting).

Monstrosum, Mixed.—Hardy, free-blooming useful. Pkt., 6d.; ½oz., 1/-.

Kochia, H.A. (Mexican Fire Plant).

Giant Christmas.—A large bushy form, staying green much longer. Pkt., 3d.; ½oz., 1/-; oz., 1/6.

Lavandula (Lavender). H.P.

Vera.—True lavender. Pkt., 6d.; ½oz., 1/6

Spica.—Spiked lavender. Pkt., 6d.; ½oz., 1/-.

Lilium (Bulb).

Regale.—Royal lily of Thibet. White flowers flushed canary in throat with pink reverse to petals. Large blooms and many to each stem. Easily grown. Pkt., 6d.; ½oz., 2/6; oz., 7/6.

Linaria, H.A. (Toad Flax).

Excelsior Mixed.—New hybrids of this remarkable Lobelia-like flower. Pkt., 3d.; ½oz., 1/-; oz., 3/-.

GYPSOPHILA IS BEST NOT TRANSPLANTED

MARIGOLDS

H.H.A.—Sow from spring to late summer.

NEW MARIGOLDS

(See front cover)

Chrysanthemum Flowered Hybrids

A strain of great promise. The delightfully formed flowers resemble incurved chrysanthemums. They are carried on long stems of excellent value for cutting. Colours are gold, lemon, yellow and orange. Pkt., 1/-; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 3/6; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 6/-; oz., 20/-.

CROWN OF GOLD

A distinct type and the winner of the only All-America Gold Medal for the best new flower for 1937. We have tried this out at our Dundas trial grounds and find it unusual and attractive. Flowers are a bright clear golden orange. **HAS ENTIRELY ODOURLESS FOLIAGE.** Flowers are delightfully sweet scented; grow to 2½ ins. across and are carried on long stout stems on bushy plants, 2 ft. tall. Recommended for cut flowers. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 2/9; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 5/-; oz., 15/-.

BURPEE GOLD

Odourless Foliage

Carnation-like Flowers

A real advance in marigolds, rich deep golden orange, large sized blooms to 3½ ins. Early finely double and rich green foliage. Grows to 2½ feet. Pkts., 1/6 each.



CROWN OF GOLD



MARIGOLD (TAGETES)—LITTLE GIANT

French. (Tagetes patula).

Giant Tree (4 feet high)—Hardy and very free flowering. Good cut flower line, sown in Feb. for winter blooms. Shades of brown and gold. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/6; oz., 4/-.

Tall Double Mixed—All colours. Pkt., 3d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/-.

Lilliput—Golden Gem—Double Dwarf, about 8 ins. high. Golden yellow shading to light orange. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/6; oz., 4/6.

African. (Tagetes erecta).

Gigantea Sunset Giants—Blooms of enormous size on well branched plants 3 to 4 ft. high. Colours range from deep orange through varying shades of gold and lemon to primrose. Flowers practically free from objectionable marigold odour. About 60 per cent. double. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 2/9; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 5/-.

Yellow Supreme—Tall double lemon yellow. Broad frilled petals. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 2/6; oz., 7/6.

Guinea Gold—Beautiful golden yellow double flowers with fringed petals. Plants grow to 3ft. tall, producing numerous blooms. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/9; oz., 5/6.

Lemon Ball, all Double—Petals heavily rolled, and flowers ball-like in form; very beautiful. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 2/9; oz., 8/6.

Orange Ball, all Double—A rich, brilliant orange. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 2/9; oz., 8/6.

Dixie Sunshine—Has not given a very good performance in our trials during summer months; blooms being too small to be of much value. Colour golden yellow. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/6; oz., 4/6.

Tall Mixed African—Pkt., 3d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/6; oz., 4/6.

Tagetes signata pumila.

Little Giant—Truly a wonderful little plant for bedding or borders. Covered with hundreds of golden orange flowers for many weeks. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 2/-.

MARIGOLDS ARE EASILY GROWN



LARKSPUR—TALL BRANCHING

Larkspur, H.A.

Sow in the garden where required during late autumn or early spring.

May sowings seem to give best result in coastal districts. Sow where required to grow and do not transplant. The Giant Imperial types produce quality spikes on tall plants which branch freely. Branches, however, grow upright and do not spread out so much as the tall branching types. Best colours are Los Angeles Improved and The Empress, brilliant salmon rose varieties. Carmine King, Lilac and Dark Blue.

Giant Imperial—Upright or Delphinium form. The old larkspur with its rather straggly flower spikes has never been very popular as a cut flower, but by careful breeding and selection new varieties have been evolved which are a great improvement. The colours are more varied and the individual florets larger and more beautiful. We can supply Dark Blue Spire, Lilac Spire, White Spire, Los Angeles (brilliant rose), The Empress (salmon rose), Carmine King and Special Mixed. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/6; oz., 3/6.

Tall Branching Mixed—The branching spikes are thickly set with fine double flowers in varied colours. Pkt., 3d.; oz., 1/6.

Mesembryanthemum.

Sow October.

Criniflorum Annual—A new species producing pretty blooms of delightful shades. Suitable for rock gardens and bedding. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 3/6.

Tricolor Mixed—Trailers, having flowers of various shades of pink, carmine and red. Excellent for rockery work, and are at their best during hot weather. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 2/6.

Mignonette, H.A.

The giant flowered Machet types make good growth. We have tried out all the leading types from various countries and can recommend the following strains:

Machet, New York Market—Grows $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Superior strain with giant spikes of flower. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/9; oz., 5/6; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., 15/6.

Machet Goliath, Red—Robust growth, spreading form; the large spikes frequently measure five inches in diameter. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/6; oz., 4/6.

Machet, Giant Flowering Select—Deliciously scented grey flowers. Pkt., 3d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/6; oz., 3/6; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., 9/6.

Mimulus (Musk), Tender Pot Plants.

Tigrinus—Monkey Musk; annual; flowers tiger spotted and blotched. Pkt., 6d.

PHLOX DRUMMONDI, H.A.

(See coloured plate) inside back cover.

Sow from early spring to early autumn in the garden where required. A pretty effect is obtained by sowing patches of the various colours desired wherever space is available. A few seeds are sown at each spot at 9 to 12-inch spacings.

Separate Colours: Apricot, chamois-rose with a white eye; Fordhook Crimson; Fordhook Lilac, bright soft lilac with white eye; Splendens, rich red with small white eye; Giant White; Violet; Ruby; Carnea, rich pink with apricot centre; Primrose, deep primrose. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 2/6; oz., 6/6.

Finest Mixed—A blend of the tall annual phlox on the above list. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/6; oz., 4/6.

Starred and Fringed—A large variety of these quaint hairy looking flowers in many colours. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 3/6.

Gigantea, Art Shades—A giant race of this delightful summer annual. Mixed varieties. Pkt., 6d., $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 3/6; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 5/6.

PHLOX COLLECTION

1 Packet each nine separate colours
for 3/—

Pelargonium (Geranium)—H.P.

Commonly, though incorrectly, called Geranium. **Zonale Hybrids**—The flower trusses of this fine variety are from 4 to 6 inches in diameter, and the individual flowers are often $1\frac{1}{2}$ inches across. This strain is one of the finest obtainable, and the variation in colours is very large. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 3/6; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 5/6.

Portulacca, H.H.A.

Double Mixed—A fine strain, with very brilliant flowers in many colours. Fine for bedding. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 3/6; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 5/6.

Single Mixed—Various colours. Pkt., 3d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/6.

Pepper (Capsicum), H.H.A.

Ornamental Mixed. A superb strain of small fruited Chilies for growing in pots or borders. Sow in Spring after frosts. Pkt., 1/6; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 2/6.

PHLOX REQUIRE SUNSHINE



DOUBLE HYBRIDS

NEW DOUBLE NASTURTIUM
Supreme—Beautiful

Shade of salmon cerise. Extra large flowers borne profusely on long stems. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 9d.; oz., 2/6.

Nasturtium, H.A.

Nasturtiums will grow and bloom in almost any soil but it should not be too rich for the greatest wealth of bloom.

DOUBLE

Double Hybrids Mixed—Glorious colours in Giant Double Sweet Scented blooms up to three inches across and ranging from pale primrose through all shades of lemon and gold to shades of scarlet, orange scarlet, rose, and deep velvety crimson, also splashed and mottled shades. The scarlet and orange scarlet shades predominate. Experience indicates that the double hybrids are not suitable for Summer blooming in warm districts as very few double blooms are produced under such conditions. We therefore recommend Autumn sowing in coastal and warm districts and they may be sown after frosts in the cooler parts. Pkt., 6d.; oz., 1/.

Scarlet Gleam—Rich dazzling orange scarlet. Double or semi-double. Sweet scented. Pkt., 6d.; oz., 1/.

Moonbeam—Beautiful soft primrose shade—sweet scented and free flowering. Pkt., 6d.; oz., 1/6.

Golden Gleam, Double Scented—Its beautiful folds of gold are not only of fine form, but are actually scented, a delicious sweet musk-like odour. Pkt., 6d.; oz., 1/.

Mahogany—Large, double sweet scented blooms of a deep mahogany red shade. It will be noticed that these change to a beautiful brown shade in cool weather. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 9d.; oz., 2/6.

Dwarf Globe Mixed—A colourful mixture of beautiful shades ranging from creamy white to yellow, rose, salmon, salmon-pink, orange, cerise, scarlet, blood red, crimson and mahogany. Plants are dwarf and compact, forming globe shaped bushes about 12 ins. high. Double and semi-double flowers produced freely on long stems suitable for cutting. Pkt., 6d.; oz., 1/; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., 3/.

SINGLE

Gorgeous Mixture—Dwarf; brilliant flowers. This mixture includes all of the showy varieties of dwarf Nasturtiums with both light and dark foliage. Pkt., 3d.; oz., 1/.

Fordhook Favourite Mixture—A truly giant race, comprising a large variety of colours in flowers of fine size. Pkt., 3d.; oz., 1/.



PETUNIA—GIANT FRINGED

PETUNIAS, H.P.

Best treated as annuals in warm climates. Sow in late spring for summer blooming.

Fluffy Ruffles—A fine ruffled strain of large flowered petunia in mixed colours. Pkt., 1/6.

Rosy Morn—A beautiful flower with a silvery white throat shading to rose pink on the edges. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 3/; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 5/6.

Blue Bedder—Popular deep violet blue dwarf, compact strain. Grows about 12 inches high. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 3/; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 5/.

Enchantress Mixture—A mixture of all the best varieties of bedding petunia. Pkt., 3d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/6; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 2/6.

Pink Gem—A charming new race of dwarf compact petunias. Neat plants 6 inches high, covered with deep pink flowers. Pkt., 6d.; 1-16oz., 2/; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 6/.

PETUNIA

Giant Fringed Mixed

Petunia hybrida grandiflora fimbriata is the largest and best of the frilled Petunias. Wonderful range of colours. Edges of petals are fringed as well as ruffled. Pkts., 1/6, 2/6 and 5/.

PETUNIAS MAY GERMINATE SLOWLY

Rosmarinus, H.P.

Officinalis—Rosemary. Pkt., 6d.

Salpiglossis, H.H.A. (Velvet Flower).

Sow in the garden where required to grow in Spring or early Summer.

Emperor—Very large, petunia-shaped flowers with brilliant veinings. Many colours. Pkt., 6d.; 4oz., 1/3; oz., 3/6.

Salvia, H.P. (Flowering Sage).

Best treated as annuals. Sow under glass in early Spring or in seed bed or boxes in late Spring or Summer.

Splendens-Bonfire—The well-known, startlingly brilliant border brush. Pkt., 6d.; 4oz., 1/9; 4oz., 3/6; oz., 10/.

Saponaria Vaccaria, H.A. (Rose)

Frequently called giant pink Gypsophila. Good cut flower line. Sow early Winter to Spring. Pkt., 6.; oz., 1/6; 4lb., 2/6; lb., 8/.

Scabiosa, H.A. and P. (Pin Cushion).

The Pin Cushion or Mourning Bride are amongst the most useful and hardy of cut flowers.

Tall Double, Separate Colours: Canary; Peach Blossom, pink; Shasta, White; Rose; Black, blackish purple; Red; Azure Fairy; Blue Cockade. Pkt., 6d.; 4oz., 1/6; oz., 3/6.

Tall Double Mixed.

Pkt., 3d.; 4oz., 1/6; oz., 2/6.

Caucasica—House Hybrids—Best perennial scabious. Thrives in cooler climates. Pkt., 1/.

Shasta Daisy (See Chrysanthemum).**Statice**

PERENNIAL—Hardy

Perezii—Rich Blue perennial. Pkt., 6d.; 4oz., 2/6.

ANNUALS—Hardy

Pkt., 6d.; oz., 1/6; 4lb., 3/6; lb., 10/.

Bonduelli—Yellow.

Sinuata New Hybrids Mixed.

Sinuata—Market Growers' Blue. Excellent cut flower variety.

Sinuata Rosea Superba—Pink.

Sunflower (See Helianthus).**Thalictrum (Herb. P.) 6d.**

Sow in early Autumn or Spring. Germinates very slowly.

Dipterocarpum (Lavender shower bush)—Herbaceous perennial shrub, with ornamental leaves and lavender or purple flowers on long stems. It makes a good showy verandah plant.

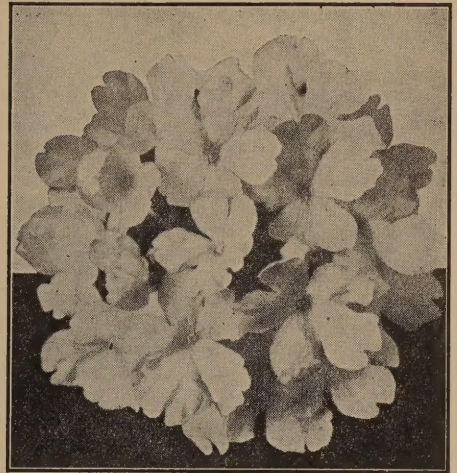
Tithonia, H.H.A.

Speciosa (Mexican Sunflower), grows 6 to 8 feet tall with a mass of bright orange-red blooms with cone-like centres. Pkt., 6d.

Torenia, T.A.

Beautiful annuals desirable as pot plants or for hanging baskets. A fine border plant.

Fourneiri Grandiflora—Dark blue, yellow throat. Pkt., 1/6; 1.16oz., 2/.



GIANT VERBENA

Verbena, H.P. (Trailing Plant)

Sow while soil is warm and moist. October or early Autumn. Frequently takes 3 or 4 weeks to germinate, but once established is quite hardy.

Spectrum Red—Magnificent, intense bright red flowers of enormous size, individual florets being as large as 1½ inches in diameter. Pkt., 6d.; 4oz., 2/.

Beauty of Oxford Hybrids—A beautiful giant hybrid rose pink Verbena. Flowers large. Pkt., 6d.; 4oz., 2/.

Large Flowered (Hybrida Grandiflora). **Royale**, rich deep royal blue, large creamy yellow eye. Pkt., 6d.; 4oz., 2/.

Etna, intense geranium red, small creamy yellow eye. Pkt., 6d.; 4oz., 2/.

Lavender Glory, pure lavender—Pkt., 6d.; 4oz., 2/.

Giant Mixed—Pkt., 6d.; 4oz., 1/6; 4oz., 2/6.

VERBENA COLLECTION

1 Packet of each of 5 separate colours, 2/.

Venidium, H.H.A.

Fastuosum-Monarch of the Veldt, Hybrids Mixed.

We are now able to offer mixed colours, which include pastel shades, buff, lemon and light orange. Each petal has a dark blotch at the base. Foliage grey. Free blooming plants, 2 to 3 feet high. Annual. Pkt., 6d.

WILD GARDEN MIXTURE

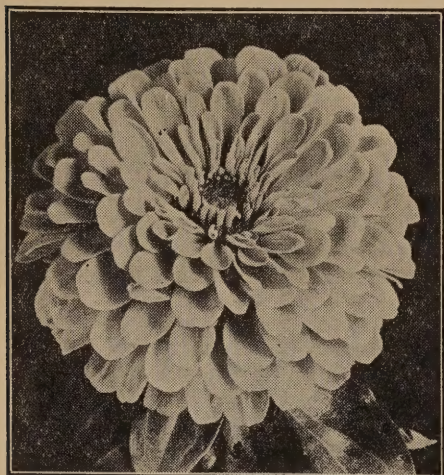
From a mixture of over 200 varieties of flowers. Suitable for children's gardens and waste corners. Pkt., 6d.; oz., 1/9; 4oz., 5/.

VERBENA IS VERY SHOWY

Zinnia, H.H.A.

See Coloured Plate, Back Cover

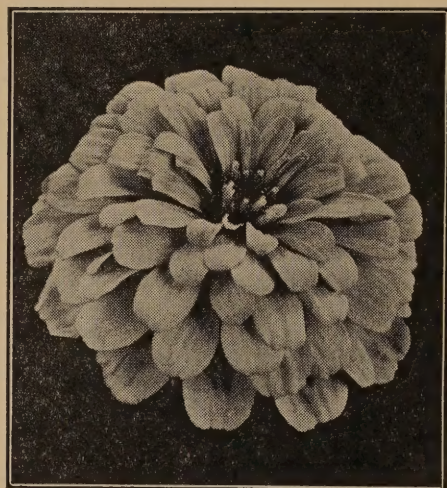
Sow in spring after all frost danger is over and soil has commenced to warm up. Sowing may be continued up to December and January in mild climates. Sow either in the garden where required or in seed beds or boxes for transplanting.



ZINNIA DAHLIA FLOWERED

Dahlia Flowered Collection

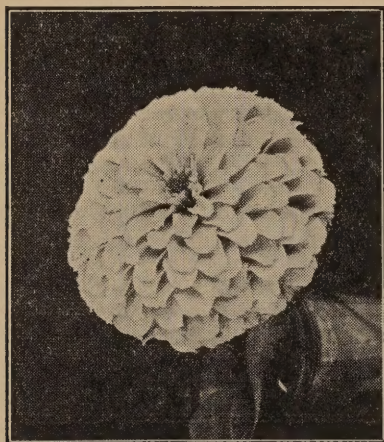
6d. pkt. each 9 colours for 3/.



ZINNIA GIANTS OF CALIFORNIA

Giants of California Collection

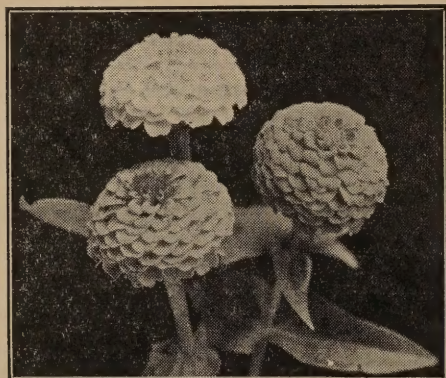
1 packet of above 8 separate colours for 2/9.



ZINNIA CUT & COME AGAIN

CUT AND COME AGAIN COLLECTION

One 6d. pkt. of each of 6 varieties for 2/.



ZINNIA POMPOM

POMPOM OR LILLIPUT COLLECTION

One 6d. Packet of each of 8 separate colours for 2/9.

DO NOT SOW ZINNIAS UNTIL SOIL IS WARM

ZINNIAS—(Cont.)**Giant Dahlia Flowered**

Flowers of immense size, borne on good sturdy stems. Plants make a compact bush 2ft. tall. A decided improvement on old types of Zinnia.

Colours: Scarlet Flame (New), Exquisite rose; Tango—Large blooms of attractive golden orange colour with reddish orange centres.

Dream, deep lavender; Canary Bird, primrose; Polar Bear, white; Crimson Monarch; Oriole, golden orange, and Illumination, deep rose. Pkt., 6d.; 4oz., 1/6; oz., 4/-; 1lb., 12/-.

Special Mixed—A high grade mixture for home gardeners and seedling nurserymen. Pkt., 6d.; 4oz., 1/-; oz., 3/-; 4oz., 9/-; lb., 27/-.

Giants of California

A magnificent strain of Zinnias, having large symmetrical flowers. A very vigorous type, bushes growing 3 to 4 feet tall and 2 to 3 feet in diameter.

Colours: Enchantress (Rose Pink)—Scarlet Gem, Rose Queen, Orange King, Purity-white, Golden Queen; Brightness, deep rose, and Daffodil. Pkt., 6d.; 4oz., 1/6; oz., 4/6.

Mixed—A mixture of the best shades. Pkt., 6d.; 4oz., 1/-; oz., 3/-; 4oz., 9/-.

Fantasy Mixed

A very graceful type of new Zinnias. Medium sized blooms with prettily quilled petals. Good mixture of colours. Pkt., 6d.; 4oz., 1/6; oz., 4/6.

Scabious Flowered

Mixed—Charming blooms with pincushion like centres surrounded by an outer row of broad ray

petals. Includes shades of pink, yellow, orange, scarlet and white. Type varies a little under adverse weather conditions. Pkt., 6d.; 4oz., 1/6; oz., 4/6.

Cut and Come Again

A new type for cut flowers. The more they are cut the more they bloom.

Bright Scarlet, Pinkie, Canary, Golden Orange and Carmine Red. Pkt., 6d.; 4oz., 1/-; oz., 3/-.

Picotee Delight—Salmon Rose. Petals beautifully curled and picotee-edged. Pkt., 6d.; 4oz., 1/6; oz., 4/6.

Mixed—An excellent blend of these fine cutting varieties. Pkt., 6d.; 4oz., 1/-; oz., 3/-.

Double Pompom, or Lilliput

One of the very best types for bedding or for cutting for the house. The new colours now available are delightful grown separately. The colours we offer are Scarlet Gem, Lilac Gem, Canary, White Gem, Rosebud, Purple Gem, Golden Gem, Crimson Gem and special Mixed. Each Pkt., 6d.; 4oz., 1/6; oz., 4/6.

Mexican

Double Mixed—This is quite a new race of small Zinnias of great beauty. For bedding and bordering purposes they are unsurpassed. While sufficiently of the form of the old Zinnias to identify them, they are dwarf, and quite distinct from them and they vary in colour and markings, being mostly yellow and orange, but many having quite distinct purple markings. Pkt., 6d.; 4oz., 2/-.

Seed of Climbing Plants

Aristolochia Elegans

Calico Flower—Sometimes called Dutchman's Pipe. Sow in early summer. Pkt., 6d.

Cardinal Climber (Ipomea cardinalis), H.A.

The vines grow rampantly, and are always covered with a wealth of the beautiful blossoms; as fast as one flower dies, there is another to take its place. Seed, Pkt. 6d.

Canary Bird Creeper, H.H.A.

A handsome climber with handsomely fringed yellow flowers and delicate foliage. Pkt. 6d.

Clematis Aristata, H.P.

Dainty White flowers. Pkt., 1/-.

Cobaea Scandens, H.P.

A rapid growing climber, with large bell-shaped flowers of a deep purple colour. Pkt. 6d.

Dolichos, H.P.

Lignosus—About the most rampant perennial climber and freest bloomer there is; useful for covering sheds. Pink, White. Pkt., 6d.

Kudzu Vine, H.P., 6d.

Grows to a great length; both useful and ornamental.

Lathyrus Latifolius

Perennial Pea. Live year after year, bearing beautiful clusters of flowers; mixed. Pkt. 6d.

Lathyrus Pubescens

A beautiful blue perennial pea. Free climber. Pkt. 1/-.

Mandevilla, H.P.

A hardy climber, with large snow-white jeasmine like flowers, deliciously scented. Pkt., 6d.

Mediola Asparagoides, 6d.

Smilax—A very graceful climber, the foliage useful for decorating. Pkt., 6d.

Mina Lobata

A truly gorgeous flowering annual vine; flowers cream and red. Pkt., 6d.

Moonflower (Calonyction aculeatum)

Immense sky-blue flowers cover the plant from top to bottom in a very short time from planting. Perennial 6d.

Morning Glory, H.A. (Ipomea purpurea)

Tall Mixed—Shades of light blue, purple, pink and variegated. Packet 6d.

Rose Marie—Semi-Double, delicate rose pink. Pkt., 6d.

Morning Glory, H.A. (Ipomea hederacea)

Japanese Frilled and Fancy Mixed. Very quick growing. Pkt. 6d.

Snail Creeper, T.P.

A free growing, hardy useful vine; covers fences with a leafy growth, and curious snail-like flowers. Pkt. 1/-.

Thunbergia Alata, H.P.

Black-Eyed Susan—Mixed colours, white, yellow and buff, with black centres. Pkt. 6d.

Mixed Climbers

A generous packet, containing a good assortment of beautiful climbers. Pkt., 6d.

**LIST OF TREE AND SHRUB SEEDS Including . . .
SEEDS OF AUSTRALIA'S NATIVE PLANTS
Posted on Request**

Flowering Bulbs

All Bulbs Carriage paid at prices quoted unless otherwise stated.

GLORIOSA SUPERBA (March to Aug.)

The Climbing Glory Lily, orange red flowers, 2/- each.

LILY OF THE VALLEY (June to Aug.)

Thrives in cool districts. 9d. each; 5/6 doz.

LILIUMS (June). Postage Extra.

Regale—A recent acquisition from China. Flowers are borne on a sturdy stem in clusters of 4 or more blooms with petals a waxy white with yellow flushed throat. 1/6 and 2/- each.

Auratum—Golden Rayed Lily. 4/- each.

Rubrum—White suffused rose heavily spotted. 1/6 each.

Sulphureum—Sulphur Yellow fading to White, Purple mid ribs. 4/- each.

Henryi—Bright Orange Yellow, slightly spotted reddish brown. 1/6 each.

Tigrinum (Tiger Lily)—Single, 1/- each, 10/- doz. Double, 1/9 each, 18/- doz.

TUBEROSE (May to Aug.)

Pure White—Fragrant, Single, or Double, small clumps, 1/- each; 7/6 doz. Post paid.

VALOTTA PURPUREA (Any time)

Scarborough Lily—Rich orange scarlet. 1/6 each, 16/- doz.

GLADIOLUS (June to Sept.)

LARGE FLOWERING

Separate named varieties from 9d. each, 7/6 doz.,

to 1/6 each, 15/- dozen, depending on variety.

Mixed unnamed kinds, 3/6 doz.; 25/- 100.

GLADIOLUS.—(Contd.)

The following special lines for commercial cutflower growers and other large users we can supply at 4/6 doz., 30/- 100, except where stated. Not less than half dozen, one variety, supplied at these rates:—

Break O Day—Early soft pink.

Crimson Glow—Deep vivid crimson. Large flowers.

Daintiness—Large deep violet blotch touched maroon and bordered cream.

Duchess of York—Deep violet purple.

E. J. Shaler—Waved or ruffled. Rose flecked deeper shade

Golden Dream—Medium size blooms on tall stems. Many open at time.

Golden Measure—Tall large well-formed spikes.

Heavenly Blue—Very pale lavender blue, darker markings in throat.

Jessie—Pink, flaked rose with white throat.

Marie Leone—Pink on yellow ground.

Mrs. S. A. Errey—Brilliant orange with orange crimson blotch.

Mrs. Van Konynenburg—Lilac blue with darker markings.

Picardy—Most outstanding and useful salmon pink. Small bulbs only about 1 in. 4/- doz., 25/- 100.

Scarlet Princes—Bright scarlet with deeper throat.

Yvonne—Creamy white with small magenta blotch.



PEAT MOSS

Freight extra.

This is a material we have found very useful in seed beds, potting soils and for tree planting. Owing to its freedom from weed seeds and injurious organisms, it is an ideal form of organic matter to use for retaining moisture and plant food in the soil. Seeds covered with Peat Moss instead of soil appear less susceptible to "damping off" diseases. It makes an ideal mulch for seed beds.

For potting soils mix two parts loam, one part sand and one part Peat Moss.

1 lb., 6d.; 3 lbs., 1/3; 10 lbs. 3/6; 30 lbs., 8/-. Full bale lots (about 150 lbs.), 22/6.

PEAT MOSS IS BEST BULB FIBRE

Strawberry Plants

APRIL TO SEPTEMBER

All varieties perfect flowers except where mentioned otherwise.

Our plants are true to name, and grown specially for sale as plants. They are not the culls from commercial plantations offered by most firms at very cheap rates.

We would advise our clients in all cases to choose two or more varieties of strawberry when planting, for the sake of pollination. Some sorts are naturally self-fertile, while most sorts set their fruit better when another variety is grown near them.

Our packing is so designed that we send plants safely to Africa and the Pacific Islands, or to any part of Australia or New Zealand.

* * * Asterisks following variety name indicates degree of resistance to "leaf scorch" and "root rot" diseases. These indications are based on our experience at Dundas and may vary under different conditions.

Resistance to disease has now become of utmost importance as many crops have been entirely wiped out due to these troubles.

PRICES (Freight or Postage Extra)

1/- doz.; 6 doz. assorted varieties, 5/6; 25 one variety, 2/-; 25 each two or more varieties, 6/- 100; 50 each, 1 or more varieties, 5/- 100; 35/- 1,000 except where priced.

Allow extra for freight and packing. 6d. doz., 1/- for 25, 1/6 100 in N.S.W.; 1/- 100 extra to other States and Irrigation Areas.

French's * * *

The only variety of commercial importance which has shown definite resistance to disease. By selection the variety has been improved so that it is now offered as the safest and best variety to grow. Plants, 6/- 100; £2 1,000.

Howard *

This has also been known as "Premier." It is long conic in shape, fairly firm with red flesh, sub-acid, of good quality.

Most suitable for home use and local markets.

Mason's Immense

A locally raised variety which has given promise as an early polliniser for Fendalcino on the lighter soils of the County of Cumberland.

Fendalcino * *

The most popular market berry. Its beautiful form, large size and, above all, splendid flavour, make it also a good home garden berry. It is not, however, self fertile, and must be grown with another variety in at least every third row. Under this method it is very prolific.

Melba *

A popular favourite in southern states and up-land areas.

Illawarra *

A locally raised berry bearing very prolific crops of large red berries. The plants are sturdy and stand hot weather well. If plants are put out late a good autumn crop may be secured.

TWO NEW BERRIES

Telopea.—A new seedling raised in our nursery a few years ago which has so far shown considerable disease resistance. Heavy cropper and excellent bright red berries of good market quality. 2/- doz.; 10/- 100.

Boronia.—Another good selection from the same parentage as Telopea. 2/- doz., 10/- 100.

Creswell's Seedling

The standard market berry for coastal planting for many years. Has now been largely superseded by French's, Fendalcino and Mason's Immense.

Other Varieties Also Available

We have small quantities for trial of the following: Crimson King; Brandywine; Douglas Special (Wilkinson or Vonette); Rhodes Special.

A BOOK FOR BERRY GROWERS.

As we are growing so many varieties of strawberry, it is not possible within the limits of a catalogue to describe them all. We would advise all our customers who care to know more about the different varieties of strawberry and their cultivation to obtain "The Australian Book of Berries," by Herbert J. Rumsey, which may be obtained, post free, for 1/1.

WORK SOIL DEEPLY FOR RESULTS

Nuts, Roses, Trees & Shrubs

Postage or freight extra. See page 7.

Walnuts

7/6 each, 87/- dozen.

Not recommended for coastal districts in N.S.W. and Queensland.

The new budded nuts come into bearing in from one to six years, and in moist localities subject to bacterial blight, resistant varieties may be planted.

Walnuts should be planted early June or July otherwise they may not be properly established before hot weather starts in spring. **Wilson's Wonder**; **Freshford Gem**, **Kelvin** and **Franquette** are the best varieties.



WALNUT—WILSON'S WONDER

Australian Nuts

The Macadamia nuts are now cropping well all along the coast line from Bega northwards. They make excellent ornamental trees or tall hedges and produce fine crops of edible nuts. *Macadamia integrifolia* bears twice yearly. *Macadamia ternifolia* bears annually.

Trees from 1/6 each, 15/- dozen; freight extra.

NUTS HAVE HIGH FOOD VALUE

ROSES—List posted free on request. 1/6 ea.; 15/- doz. Except where stated.

TREES AND SHRUBS—We can quote to suit climate and situation.

DAHLIA, CHRYSANTHEMUM AND CARNATION—Best varieties; 1/- ea.; 10/- doz.

Pecan Nuts

7/6 each, 87/- dozen.

Suitable for coastal as well as mountain and inland districts. Budded varieties take five to seven years to commence bearing. We have trees available of about 10 good thin-shelled varieties.

THE NUT BOOK

Lovers of nuts should not fail to get Mr. Herbert J. Rumsey's book, "Australian Nuts and Nut-growing in Australia," which may be obtained from us or from booksellers throughout Australia for 2/-, or post paid for 2/1.

Almonds

Bear best in dry atmosphere.

1/6 each; 15/- per dozen.

Plant at least two varieties for pollination purposes.

HATCHES' (Calif. Papershell)—Large, good bearer.

BURBANK—Medium size, good bearer; being a late bloomer it usually escapes damage by late frosts.

EARLY JORDAN—An upright growing variety, growing thin shelled nuts.

EUREKA—Similar to Jordan.

I.X.L.—Large paper shell, heavy cropper, good grower.

GOLDEN STATE—Large thin shell, regular bearer.

PAPER SHELL—Large, good bearer.

Fruit Trees

Remit extra for Postage or Freight. For Rates, see page 7. Approximate weights packed, 1 tree 3-lb., add 1-lb. for each additional tree. Any balance will be sent in seeds or returned.

PLANTING.

Deciduous trees, that is, those that drop their leaves during Winter, should be planted while dormant, which is from May to August inclusive. June and July are generally best, but in some very cold districts later planting is advisable.

It is best to have land ready for trees before advising us to despatch. They may then be planted as soon as received. If for some unforeseen reason it is not possible to plant at once, unpack trees as soon as received, open a trench in a shady position, place trees in this, sloping at an angle so that the side of the trench will support them. Give the roots a good soaking and then cover with soil. Trees heeled in this way will keep in good condition until it is possible to plant them. If, as sometimes happens, delay in transit occurs and trees appear shrivelled, place them flat in the trench and cover the whole plant with soil for a couple of days.

Before planting work soil all over to a depth of 8 inches and when opening holes for trees only make them deep enough to allow highest roots to be just below the ground level. Hole should be wide enough to admit all roots without bending and should be higher in the centre than at edges of hole. Fill in with fine soil round roots, giving the tree a slight shake to ensure soil being packed closely around them. When the hole is filled tread soil firmly, leaving a slight depression round the tree. In dry times this may be filled with water.

In windy positions it is advisable to stake trees. Stakes should be driven in before planting and trees tied to stakes. Fasten tie firmly round stake and then tie loosely round the tree.

All trees must be protected from rabbits and stock, either by good fences or individual tree guards.

Young trees must be pruned before coming into growth in the Spring.

PRICES: 1/6 each, 6 or more 1/3 each; 50 or over 1 variety, £5 100, except where stated.

APPLES

DELICIOUS—Best flavoured of all dessert apples.

FAMEUSE (Fanny or Snow)—Handsome dessert apple, good for market, fine white flesh and red skin.

GRANNY SMITH—Excellent apple for home or market, late, best cooker.

GRAVENSTEIN or Carpenter—Earliest apple in mountain orchards.

JONATHAN—Best early export apple, long lived.

LONDON PIPPIN (or Five Crown)—Well known favourite, yellow.

ROME BEAUTY—Early cropping, large striped, late apple.

TASMA (Democrat)—It is a fine coloured fruit, and a good tree.

LALLA—A red Delicious.

MCINTOSH—Early; suitable coastal planting.

TWENTY OUNCE—Large cooker. Midseason.

Does fairly well in early districts.

WILLIE SHARP—Early apple; suitable coastal districts. Yellow, blight proof.

PEARS

BEURRE BOC—A very large long pear, with a rich russety skin, a good keeper.

CLAPP'S FAVORITE—Fine for early districts, ripens about Xmas on the coast.

HOWELL—Large, waxy yellow pear, heavy bearer.

PACKHAM'S TRIUMPH—Early cropper, fine cooking or eating pear.

WILLIAMS (Bartlett)—The most popular pear, a good canner and carries well, early.

WINTER COLE—Medium size, greenish yellow, good keeper and prolific. Late dessert.

WINTER NELIS—Fine flavoured medium sized dessert pear. Late, skin well russeted.

APRICOTS

CAMDEN EARLY—Best of extra earlies.

EARLY MOORPAK—Very good variety.

GLENGARRY—Fair size, early.

HEMSKIRK—Large, good bottler, flattened both sides, deep orange, late.

MOORPAK—Large, juicy, reddish orange, mid-season.

NEWCASTLE—Early, large fruit of a fine yellow colour.

TREVATT—Fruit very large and sugary; good for drying and canning, midseason.

NECTARINES

EARLY RIVERS—Large bright red slipstone; very early; good.

GOLDMINE—Said to be the largest nectarine grown.

NEW BOY—Large juicy slipstone, brilliant crimson; midseason.

PLANT FIRMLY

CHERRIES

- BIGGAREAU NAPOLEON**—Large heart-shaped amber, juicy.
- EARLY LYONS**—Very large and solid, ripening early.
- FLORENCE**—Large pale amber, bright red cheeks, late.
- RAMEN OLIVAR**—Dark glossy red; flesh firm and sweet, very large, measuring up to 1½ in. diameter.
- ST. MARGARET**—The finest of all cherries, late, black purple flesh, very large.

PEACHES

- AUNT BECKY**—An improved Royal George slip-stone.
- CARMAN**—A large early free stone peach of good colour and quality. White flesh. Slip.
- ELBERTA**—Queen of Peaches. Fine for cooking or dessert, free stone.
- FLAT CHINA**—Fruit flat, free stone.
- GOLDEN QUEEN**—A late canning peach, a good cropper; fruit yellow stone, cling.
- HIGH'S EARLY CANADA**—Improved Briggs' Red May; comes in in the cool districts in time for the Christmas market.
- J. H. HALE**—Rich yellow, overlaid carmine; flesh texture of the cling; yet free stone, fine-grained; delicious flavour. Requires pollinating.
- LA FRANCE**—Deep carmine, juicy, second early, white flesh.
- MOUNTAIN ROSE**—A large early peach of good colour.
- PULLAR'S CLING**—Highly coloured, large, heavy bearer and hangs late.
- PHILLIPS CLING**—Large late yellow fleshed canning peach.
- RUBY RED**—A splendid peach, bright red colour; good shipper.
- WATT'S EARLY CHAMPION**—Very early white-fleshed peach.
- W. H. SPINKS**—Earlier than Watt's early.
- WATTON**—Second early, good colour and carries well.

PERSIMMONS

2/- each, 21/- dozen, £6 per 100.

- DIA DIA MARU**—Large, square, rather flattened; skin deep orange; almost seedless; a fine variety; late.
- HAYCHEYA**—Very large, oblong, rather pointed; skin light red; an excellent variety.
- JUBILEE (Seedless)**—A very fine variety; large, square shaped. Ripens best after picking.
- TENANASHI**—Large, heart-shaped, seedless, early, very good.
- YEMON**—Large, flat, clear yellow, flesh orange, seedless.

PLUMS and PRUNES

Crop best in cool mountain districts.

- ANGELINA BURDETT**—Large purple, fine for western districts.
- CHERRY**—The earliest of all.
- COE'S GOLDEN DROP**—Yellow slipstone, best in cool districts.

DIAMOND—Very large oval plum, slipstone, good cropper; mid-season.

EVAN'S EARLY—Very early, enormous cropper, oval purple.

EXCELSIOR—A more prolific strain of Angelina Burdett. Large dark purple free stone.

GIANT—Enormous yellow plum, good cropper, mid-season.

GRAND DUKE—Very large blackish purple plum.

GREENGAGE—Splendid dessert, yellowish green.

LUTHERBORROW (Jam Plum)—Very large, prolific, almost black. Suits coastal districts.

PRESIDENT—Large, over two inches long, beautiful purple colour, pretty bloom, and covered with white minute dots, flesh firm and sweet.

PRUNE D' AGEN—The popular preserving variety.

ROBE DE SERGEANT—Very similar to d'Agen in shape and colour, but larger and ripens ten days earlier.

JAPANESE PLUMS

BEAUTY—It is the largest of the early plums, ripening early in December. Fruit beautiful oval, crimson, with amber-crimson flesh. Sun scalds in humid climates.

BLOOD (Long)—A very large preserving plum, early, heart-shaped.

BURBANK—Fruit large, round, skin cherry red, flesh yellow, fine flavour.

EARLY JEWEL—A good black purple fruit, ripens in December.

KELSEY—Large heart-shaped purple plum, heavy bearer, good carrier, suits cool districts.

NARRABEEN—Large, round juicy, sugary; good cropper, ripens January.

PATERSON LATE—The latest of all plums, late March.

SANTA ROSA—Deep purplish crimson coloured flesh, averaging six inches in circumference, clear golden skin shaded purple.

SATSUMA—Rich, dark, red coloured flesh, medium size.

SHIRO—Early, fruit medium to large, clear light yellow, flesh firm and juicy.

WICKSON—One of the best of this race; good flavour.

OTHER FRUIT TREES

FIGS—Black Genoa, Blue Province, Brown Turkey and others. 1/6 each. 15/- doz.

GUAVA—Yellow and Purple. 1/6 each. 15/- doz.

LOQUAT—Herd's. Very large. 2/- each.

MULBERRIES—English, 2/6 each. Hicks 2/- each.

OLIVES—Grafted varieties for oil and pickling. 2/6 each. 27/- doz.

QUINCES—Large Portugal, Missouri Mammoth, Pear. 1/6 each.

BERRIES

CURRENT—Black, white and red. 8/- doz.

GOOSEBERRY—8/- doz.

LOGAN BERRY—It has the raspberry flavour with the colour of the blackberry, makes a delicious preserve, and is fine for pies. 1/- each; 11/- doz.

YOUNGBERRY—1/6 each; 18/- doz.

JAP. PLUMS ARE BEST FOR MILD CLIMATES

CITRUS FRUITS

1/9 each, 5 or more at 1/6 each.

Freight or Postage Extra. For Rates see page 7. Approximate weight for shipment, 1 tree 3-lb.; 1-lb for each additional tree.

Planting.—In mild climates Autumn (March and April) are good months, especially when good rains are experienced early in Autumn. In cooler districts where there is danger of frost injury to young trees, Spring planting is recommended (August to September).

Bud Selection Societies' Buds :

Realising that organised improvement in varieties by selection of propagating wood, would be better than the individual efforts of a few nurserymen. The N.S.W. Nurserymen's Association has formed, together with representatives of the growers and the Department of Agriculture, a committee of experts to carry out this work.

The following varieties are worked from buds supplied by the bud selection society.

LATE VALENCIA
WASHINGTON NAVEL
EMPEROR MANDARIN
MARSH'S GRAPE FRUIT
SWEET RIND & LISBON LEMONS

ORANGES

LATE VALENCIA—Large oblong rich fruit of best quality.

MEDITERRANEAN SWEET—Remarkable for its early, bearing and excellent flavour; very prolific. Not recommended for poor soils.

PARRAMATTA—Grown in this district for eighty years, most productive. Mid-season.

SILETTA—Large, round, hardy, enormous cropper; juicy. Early.

WASHINGTON NAVEL—Finest orange grown, seedless. Should only be planted on deep rich well drained soils.

LEMONS

SWEET RIND—(Sold out).

LISBON—A clear skinned lemon.

GRAPE FRUIT

MARSH—Medium size, thin rind. Used largely as a breakfast delicacy, but makes delicious preserves.

MANDARINS

BEAUTY OF GLEN RETREAT—Very popular in northern districts.

EARLY IMPERIAL—Medium size, sweet, thin yellow skin, requires deep rich soil, ripens April.

EMPEROR—Largest tree, market variety. Midseason.

FEWTRELL'S EARLY—Flavour more like an orange; thin skinned and very heavy cropper.

OONISHU—Hardy, stands frost, suits highlands.

THORNY—Best flavoured, flat, medium sized.

GRAPE VINES

9d. each, 8/- doz., £2/10/- 100—freight extra.

As grape vines may not be sent from the Counties of Cumberland and Camden, we have made arrangements to have these grown and despatched from a country nursery outside the phylloxera area.

We can send vines to any part of N.S.W., but NOT TO OTHER STATES.

BLACK HAMBRO—Good for coastal districts.

BLACK ALICANTE—Very showy, late, hangs well. Oval berries and bunches large.

GORDO BLANCO—Fine white muscatel, grown extensively for raisins.

GROS COLMAN—Requires warm situation. Large black berries, late in season.

ISABELLA IMPROVED—Much larger than old favourite of this name. Hardy grape.

LADY'S FINGER—Long pinkish white berries. Requires dry climate and loamy soil.

MUSCAT OF ALEXANDRIA—One of the best. Large amber berries, splendid flavour.

MUSCAT HAMBRO (Snow's)—Probably best black variety in cultivation. Berries and bunches large and of superior flavour. Good cropper.

DARIA (Ohanez)—White, large berry and bunch, late, ships well to distant markets.

GOLDEN CHASSECLASS—Early, good bearer. Amber berries.

WHITE SHIRAZ—Heavy cropping, white wine grape.

WALTHAM CROSS (Rosaki)—Large amber table grape, good flavour makes a good raisin.

The A—Z of AUSTRALIAN FRUITGROWING

by . . .

HERBERT J. RUMSEY

This book has helped thousands of orchardists and home gardeners. Deals with all phases of fruit culture including planting and cultivation, pruning, spraying, harvesting, packing and fruit preserving.

POST PAID - - - 2/1

NAVELS REQUIRE DEEP SOILS

SPRAY MIXTURES

For control of diseases and insect pests.
Freight extra. See Page 7.

"Arsinette"

1 oz. makes 2 gals. spray. The best arsenate of lead powder. Used for control of all chewing insects. Being poisonous must not be used on fruit or vegetables just prior to harvesting.
4oz. tins, 1/3; 8oz. packets, 1/9; 1lb. packets, 2/9; 4lb. bags, 4/4; 28lbs., 1/- lb.

"Alboleum"

Emulsified White Oil. Use for control of sucking insects such as thrips, red spider, scale, aphids, etc., and in conjunction with "Arsinette" for codlin moth.

$\frac{1}{2}$ pint, 1/6; 1 pint, 2/6; 1 gal., 6/3.
Weight packed under 2lb. for 1 pint.

"Katakilla"

An excellent spray for all classes of insects. Good control for cabbage moth grubs in home gardens. Non-poisonous.

Small packet to make 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ gallons, 9d.; carton containing 4 packets for 2/6. Postage 2d. packet; 5d. carton extra.

"Nicotine Insecticide"

Nicotine sulphate. Very concentrated. Use for control of sucking insects such as aphids. 1 oz., 1/3; 2 oz., 2/3; 4 oz., 3/9; 1 pint, 10/6; 1 quart, 17/6; 1 gallon, 56/-.

"Drymac"

Derris root dust for control of cabbage moth grubs. 1lb., 1/3; 2lb. pkt., 2/3; 7lb. bag, 6/3; 56lb. bag, 9 $\frac{1}{2}$ d. lb.; 1cwt. bags, 9d. lb.

"Snuffotine"

(Pest End Superfine)

The cheapest and safest tobacco preparation. Used either alone or with equal quantities of lime it gives excellent control of all grubs, snails, slugs, aphids and other insects. Dust on freely in early morning while plants are wet with dew.

3lb., 9d.; 7lb., 1/6; 14lb., 2/6; 28lb., 3/6; 1cwt., 10/6. Freight or post extra.

"Pestend"

Ordinary coarse grade tobacco dust suitable for dusting by hand or may be boiled for nicotine extract. 1cwt, 8/-.

"Harola" (Lime-Sulphur)

A specially prepared mixture effective for control of small sucking insects such as thrips and mite, and also an excellent spray for prevention of fungus diseases on potatoes and fruit trees.

Pint, 1/3; quart, 1/9; $\frac{1}{2}$ gal., 2/3; 1 gal., 3/6. Weight when packed, 4lb. to 1 quart.

Colloidal Sulphur

For fungus diseases and control of tomato mite. 4oz. bottle, 1/9; 8 oz., 2/9; 3lb., 6/9; 7lb., 14/-; 28lb. keg, 1/10 lb.

Special packing for bottles, 6d. extra.

"Bordinette"

An improved copper fungicide for diseases of fruit trees, grape vines, flowers and vegetables. 1 lb. of this powder is dissolved in 10 gallons water.

8 oz. tins, 1/3; 4lb. tins, 4/- . Special quotes for larger quantities.

"Camelia" Weed Killer

Effective for destruction of blackberry, green timber weeds and grass.

1 pint tin, 1/6; quart tin, 2/6; $\frac{1}{2}$ gal., 4/-; 1 gal., 7/-; 5 gals., at 6/9 gal.; 50 gals., at 6/6 gal.

SPRAYING AND DUSTING IMPLEMENTS

"Rega" Bucket Spray Pump

Handy sprayer for small farms and home gardens. Adjustable nozzle, making it suitable for all spray mixtures, also for white-washing, washing cars, windows, etc. Strongly made in two sizes: Prices on application. Weight packed, 8lbs.

"Rega" Knapsack and Pneumatic Sprayers

Price on application.

"Rega" Hand Dust Gun

Very suitable for applying dusts on small areas. Price on application.

"Rega" Knapsack Duster

Strongly built machine for market growers. Price on application.

Bulk Prices to Growers

JUNE 1st, 1938

Subject to alteration without notice and supply subject to prior sale. $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. supplied at 1lb. rate subject to minimum charge of 9d. per item. Special quote for larger quantities.

BEANS—Carriage Extra

	1lb. per lb.	3lbs. per lb.	5lbs. per lb.	10lbs. per lb.	15lbs. for	60lbs. for
Stayleys Surprise	2/-	1/9	1/6	1/3	17/-	61/-
Brown Beauty	1/6	1/3	1/1	-/11	12/-	42/6
Burpees Stringless Greenpod	1/9	1/6	1/4	1/2	16/-	58/-
Canadian Wonder	1/9	1/8	1/6	1/3	14/-	50/-
Tweed Wonder	2/-	1/9	1/8	1/6	19/-	70/-
Burnley Canadian	2/-	1/10	1/9	1/7	22/6	80/-
Feltham Prolific	1/6	1/3	1/1	/11	12/-	45/-
New Discovery	1/9	1/8	1/6	1/4	14/6	52/6
Bountiful	1/9	1/8	1/6	1/4	—	—
Blue Wonder	2/-	1/10	1/9	1/7	—	—
Emperor William	2/-	1/10	—	—	—	—
Hawkesbury Wonder	—	—	No supplies until December			
Startler Wax	1/9	1/6	1/4	1/2	15/-	—
Brittle Wax	2/6	2/3	2/-	1/9	—	—
Golden Cluster Wax—Climbing	2/6	2/3	2/-	—	—	—
Epicure—Climbing	1/9	1/8	1/6	1/4	14/-	50/-
Climbing Stringless Greenpod (Far- denlosa)	2/-	1/9	1/8	1/6	—	—
Scarlet Runner Improved—Climbing	2/-	—	—	—	—	—
Yard Long or Snake—Climbing	6/-	—	—	—	—	—
Improved White Navy	2/-	1/9	—	—	—	—
Broad—Early Long Pod	1/-	/10	/8	/7	8/6	32/-
Lima—Fordhook Bush	2/6	2/3	2/-	1/9	—	—
„ Burpees Giant Podded—Climbing	2/6	2/3	2/-	—	—	—

PEANUTS—Carriage Extra

Virginia Bunch and Small Spanish	1/-	/11
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PEAS—Carriage Extra

Emperor	1/-	/10	/9	/7	7/6	26/-
W.F. Massey or Gem	1/-	/10	/9	/7	7/6	26/-
Richard Seddon	/9	/8	/7	/6	6/6	22/6
Greenfeast	/9	/8	/7	/6	6/6	22/6
Alderman—Climbing	1/3	1/-	/10	/8	—	—
Tall Sugar	2/-	1/9	—	—	—	—

SWEET CORN—Carriage Extra

Golden Bantam	1/6	1/4	1/2	1/-
The Burpee	1/6	1/4	1/2	1/-
White Evergreen	1/6	1/4	1/2	1/-

**VEGETABLES—We Pay Freight
Special Quotes for larger lots**

ASPARAGUS

	$\frac{1}{2}$ to 1lb. per lb.	2 to 4lbs. per lb.	5 to 9lbs. per lb.	10lbs. per lb.	20lbs. per lb.
Mary Washington	7/6	7/-			

BEET

Early Wonder (Rapid Red)	3/9	3/3	3/-	2/9	2/6
Crimson King	5/-	4/6	4/3	4/-	—
Crimson Globe	4/6	4/-	3/9	—	—
Improved Detroit Dark Red	4/6	4/-	3/9	3/6	3/3
Crosbys Egyptian	4/6	4/-	3/9	3/6	—
Obelisk	5/-	4/6	—	—	—

SPINACH BEET

Fordhook Giant	5/-	4/6	4/3	4/-	—
Lucullus'	4/6	4/-	—	—	—

BRUSSELS SPROUTS

Rumseys Giant Prolific	12/6				
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CABBAGE

Copenhagen Market	15/-	14/-	—	—	—
Golden Acre	15/-	—	—	—	—
Allhead Early	15/-	14/-	13/6	12/6	—
Flower of Spring	12/6	—	—	—	—
Enkhuisen Glory	12/6	11/6	11/-	—	—
Midseason Market	15/-	14/-	—	—	—
Early Jersey Wakefield	15/-	—	—	—	—
Short Stemmed Drumhead	12/6	11/6	11/-	—	—
Succession—American	12/6	11/6	11/-	10/6	—
„ Peter Henderson Stock	39/-	38/-	37/6	—	—
Surehead	20/-	19/-	—	—	—
Worldbeater	18/-	—	—	—	—
Chinese—Wong Bok	9/-	8/6	—	—	—
Savoy—Perfection Drumhead	12/6	—	—	—	—
Mammoth Red Rock	12/6	—	—	—	—

CARROT

Long Bunching	5/-	4/6	4/3	4/-	—
Early Nantes (Manchester table)	5/-	4/6	4/3	4/-	3/9
Danvers Half Long—Red Cored	4/6	4/-	3/9	3/6	—
St. Valery	4/6	4/-	3/9	3/6	3/3
Red Cored Chantenay	4/6	4/-	3/9	3/6	3/3
Early Shorthorn	5/-	4/6	4/3	4/-	—

CUCUMBER

Black Diamond	10/6	10/-	9/6	—	—
Early Fortune	9/6	9/-	8/6	—	—
Improved White Spine	9/6	9/-	8/6	—	—
Crystal Apple	17/6	—	—	—	—
Apple	10/6	10/-	9/6	—	—
Boston Pickling ("Gherkin")	10/-	9/6	9/-	—	—
Straight "8"	10/6	10/-	9/6	—	—

LETTUCE

Imperial "D"	10/-	9/6	9/3	9/-	—
Imperial "F"	10/-	9/6	9/3	9/-	—
Imperial 615	10/-	9/6	9/3	9/-	—
Imperial 847	15/-	14/6	14/-	—	—
New York—Select	8/6	8/-	—	—	—
New York No. 12	10/-	9/6	—	—	—
Iceberg	8/-	7/6	7/3	—	—

ONION

	$\frac{1}{2}$ to 1lb. per lb.	2 to 4lbs. per lb.	5 to 9lbs. per lb.	10lbs. per lb.	20lbs. per lb.
Prizetaker	12/6	11/6	11/-	—	—
Brown Spanish—Long Keeping	8/-	7/6	7/-	6/9	—
Sweet Spanish Valencia	12/6	11/6	—	—	—
Early White Barletta—Select	12/-	11/6	11/-	—	—
Hunter River Early Brown	27/6	26/6	25/6	—	—
Hunter River Early White	37/-	36/-	35/-	—	—
Southport White Globe	16/6	15/6	15/-	—	—
"Odourless" (Vivid Leaf, Globe Shape)	30/-	29/-	—	—	—

ROCKMELON

Honey Dew, Mildew Resisting	10/6	10/-	9/6	—	—
California Cream (Select)	17/6	16/6	16/-	—	—
Spicy Cantaloupe	9/-	8/6	—	—	—
Hales Best	8/-	7/6	7/3	7/-	—
Hales Best No. 36	8/6	8/-	7/9	7/6	—
Rockyford	8/-	7/6	7/3	7/-	—
Other varieties as catalogue	8/-	7/6	7/3	—	—

WATERMELON

Hawkesbury (Thurmond Grey) Wilt Resisting	12/6	11/6	11/-	—	—
Klondyke	12/-	11/6	—	—	—
Early Sugar (Early Canada)	12/6	11/6	11/-	—	—
Other varieties catalogued— (Pride of Muscatine, Angelino, Chilean Black Seeded, Fordhook Early, Halbert Honey, Stone Mountain, Sugarstick, Market Wonder, Sunnybrook)	5/9	5/3	5/-	4/9	—
(Tom Watson, Kleckley Sweets, Ice Cream, Irish Grey, Florida Favourite)	5/-	4/6	4/3	4/-	—

PARSNIP

Hollow—Crowned	3/-	2/6	2/3	2/-	—
Short Thick	4/6	4/-	3/9	3/6	—

PUMPKIN

Queensland Blue—Superior Strain	12/-	11/-	10/6	10/-	9/6
Triangle	9/-	8/6	8/3	8/-	—
Ideal	12/-	11/-	10/6	10/-	—
Trombone—Gramma	9/-	8/6	—	—	—
Hubbard—Green	7/6	7/-	6/9	—	—
Hubbard Kitchenette	9/-	8/6	8/3	—	—

MARROW

Long White Bush	6/6	6/-	5/9	5/6	—
Zucchini—Dark Green Bush	6/6	6/-	5/9	—	—
Italian Green striped Bush	6/6	6/-	5/9	—	—

SQUASH

Early White Bush Scalloped	7/6	7/-	6/9	—	—
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RADISH

	$\frac{1}{2}$ to 1lb. per lb.	2 to 4lbs. per lb.	5 to 9lbs. per lb.	10lbs. per lb.	20lbs. per lb.
All varieties—each	3/-	2/6	2/5	—	—

RHUBARB

Sydney Winter	12/6	11/6	11/-	—	—
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TOMATO

Marvana	30/-	27/6	—	—	—
Break o' Day Certified	45/-	42/6	—	—	—
Break o' Day	30/-	27/6	—	—	—
Sunnybrook Earliana	22/6	21/6	—	—	—
Keystone Certified	45/-	42/6	—	—	—
Keystone	30/-	27/6	—	—	—
Australian Earliana	45/-	42/6	—	—	—
Early Pride (Juna Pink)	27/6	26/-	—	—	—
Burbank	30/-	—	—	—	—
Sparks Earliana	18/-	—	—	—	—
Pritchard Certified	45/-	42/6	—	—	—
Pritchard	30/-	27/6	—	—	—
Bonny Best Certified	45/-	42/6	—	—	—
Bonny Best	25/-	23/-	—	—	—
Chalks Early Jewel	25/-	23/-	—	—	—
Burwood Prize	25/-	23/-	—	—	—
Rutger's Certified	45/-	42/6	—	—	—
Marhio or Marvellous (pink)	30/-	27/6	—	—	—
Red Marhio	45/-	42/6	—	—	—
Marglobe Certified	45/-	42/6	—	—	—
Marglobe	25/-	23/-	—	—	—
Matchless	30/-	27/6	—	—	—
Ponderosa	32/6	—	—	—	—
Livingston's Stone	30/-	27/6	—	—	—
Norton	30/-	27/6	—	—	—
Large Fruited—Mixed	18/-	17/-	—	—	—
San Marzano	45/-	42/6	—	—	—
King Humbert	30/-	27/6	—	—	—

SWEDE TURNIPS

Laing's Garden	2/6	2/-	1/10	—	—
Danish Bangholm	2/6	2/-	1/10	1/9	—
Champion Purple Top	2/6	2/-	1/10	1/9	1/8
Batlow Champion	4/6	4/-	3/9	3/6	—

TURNIP

White Stone	3/6	3/-	2/9	—	—
Snowball or Jersey Lily	3/6	3/-	2/9	—	—
Orange Jelly	3/6	3/-	2/9	—	—

PASSION FRUIT

Common—Norfolk Island	12/6	12/-	—	—	—
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Rumseys Seeds Pty. Ltd.

BOX 74, PARRAMATTA.

N.S.W., AUSTRALIA.

BE SURE YOU ENCLOSE NAME
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WHITE



FORDHOOK
LILAC



VIOLET



APRICOT



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CRIMSON

SPLENDENS

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for
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See Page 42

Crimson Monarch

Oriole